72Mb QDRII SRAM Specification

165 FBGA with Pb & Pb-Free
(RoHS compliant)

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Rev. 1.3 March 2007

K7R643682M
K7R641882M
K7R640982M

2Mx36 & 4Mx18 & 8Mx9 QDR^{TM} II b2 SRAM

Document Title

2Mx36-bit, 4Mx18-bit, 8Mx9-bit QDR^{TM} II b2 SRAM

Revision History

Rev. No.	History	Draft Date	Remark
0.0	1. Initial document.	Sep, 14 2002	Advance
0.1	1. Update AC timing characteristics. 2. Change the JTAG instruction coding.	Oct. 24, 2002	Preliminary
0.2	1. Change the AC timing characteristics. (-25/-20 parts) 2. Correct the overshoot and undershoot timing diagrams. 3. Change the JTAG Block diagrams. 4. Update the Boundary scan exit order.	Feb. 18, 2003	Preliminary
0.3	1. Correct the JTAG ID register definition 2. Correct the AC timing parameter (delete the $t_{KH\overline{K}H}$ Max value)	Mar. 20, 2003	Preliminary
0.4	1. Add the Power-on Sequence specification	Aug. 16, 2004	Preliminary
0.5	1. Correct the pin name table	Oct. 18, 2004	Preliminary
0.6	1. Update the power consumption (Icc & Isb)	May. 17, 2005	Preliminary
1.0	1. Finalize the datasheet	Aug. 2, 2005	Final
1.1	1. Add Pb-free comment 2. Change the Max. clock cycle time in AC TIMING CHARACTERIS-TICS	Jul. 6, 2006	Final
1.2	1. Correct the pin name table	Jan. 23, 2007	Final
1.3	1. Add Detail Specification of Power up Sequence	Mar. 5, 2007	Final

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K7R643682M
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2Mx36 & 4Mx18 & 8Mx9 QDR™ II b2 SRAM

2Mx36-bit, 4Mx18-bit, 8Mx9-bit QDR™ II b2 SRAM

FEATURES

- 1.8V+0.1V/-0.1V Power Supply.
- DLL circuitry for wide output data valid window and future frequency scaling.
- I/O Supply Voltage 1.5V+0.1V/-0.1V for 1.5V I/O,   1.8V+0.1V/-0.1V for 1.8V I/O.
- Separate independent read and write data ports with concurrent read and write operation
- HSTL I/O
- Full data coherency, providing most current data.
- Synchronous pipeline read with self timed early write.
- Registered address, control and data input/output.
- DDR (Double Data Rate) Interface on read and write ports.
- Fixed 2-bit burst for both read and write operation.
- Clock-stop supports to reduce current.
- Two input clocks (K and $\overline{K}$) for accurate DDR timing at clock rising edges only.
- Two input clocks for output data (C and $\overline{C}$) to minimize clock-skew and flight-time mismatches.
- Two echo clocks (CQ and $\overline{CQ}$) to enhance output data traceability.
- Single address bus.
- Byte write function.
- Separate read/write control pin (R and $\overline{W}$)
- Simple depth expansion with no data contention.
- Programmable output impedance.
- JTAG 1149.1 compatible test access port.
- 165FBGA(11x15 ball array FBGA) with body size of 15x17mm & Lead Free

Org.	Part Number	Cycle Time	Access Time	Unit	RoHS Avail.
X36	K7R643682M-F(E)C(I)25	4.0	0.45	ns	√
	K7R643682M-F(E)C(I)20	5.0	0.45	ns	√
	K7R643682M-F(E)C(I)16	6.0	0.50	ns	•
X18	K7R641882M-F(E)C(I)25	4.0	0.45	ns	√
	K7R641882M-F(E)C(I)20	5.0	0.45	ns	√
	K7R641882M-F(E)C(I)16	6.0	0.50	ns	•
X9	K7R640982M-F(E)C(I)25	4.0	0.45	ns	√
	K7R640982M-F(E)C(I)20	5.0	0.45	ns	√
	K7R640982M-F(E)C(I)16	6.0	0.50	ns	•

* -F(E)C(I)
  F(E) [Package type]: E-Pb Free, F-Pb
  C(I) [Operating Temperature]: C-Commercial, I-Industrial

FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM
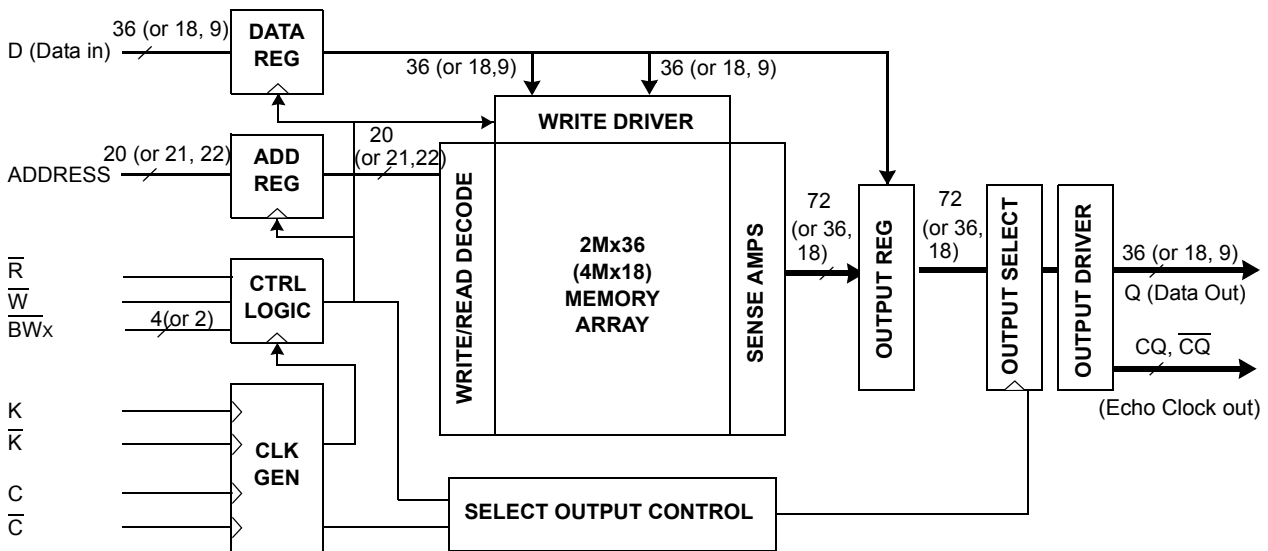
Notes: 1. Numbers in ( ) are for x18 device, x9 device also the same with appropriate adjustments of depth and width.

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2Mx36 & 4Mx18 & 8Mx9 QDR™ II b2 SRAM

PIN CONFIGURATIONS(TOP VIEW)   K7R643682M(2Mx36)

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
A	$\overline{CQ}$	NC/SA*	SA	$\overline{W}$	$\overline{BW_2}$	$\overline{K}$	$\overline{BW_1}$	$\overline{R}$	SA	NC/SA*	CQ
B	Q27	Q18	D18	SA	$\overline{BW_3}$	K	$\overline{BW_0}$	SA	D17	Q17	Q8
C	D27	Q28	D19	Vss	SA	SA	SA	Vss	D16	Q7	D8
D	D28	D20	Q19	Vss	Vss	Vss	Vss	Vss	Q16	D15	D7
E	Q29	D29	Q20	VDDQ	Vss	Vss	Vss	VDDQ	Q15	D6	Q6
F	Q30	Q21	D21	VDDQ	VDD	Vss	VDD	VDDQ	D14	Q14	Q5
G	D30	Q22	Q22	VDDQ	VDD	Vss	VDD	VDDQ	Q13	D13	D5
H	$\overline{Doff}$	VREF	VDDQ	VDDQ	VDD	Vss	VDD	VDDQ	VDDQ	VREF	ZQ
J	D31	Q31	D23	VDDQ	VDD	Vss	VDD	VDDQ	D12	Q4	D4
K	Q32	D32	Q23	VDDQ	VDD	Vss	VDD	VDDQ	Q12	D3	Q3
L	Q33	Q24	D24	VDDQ	Vss	Vss	Vss	VDDQ	D11	Q11	Q2
M	D33	Q34	D25	Vss	Vss	Vss	Vss	Vss	D10	Q1	D2
N	D34	D26	Q25	Vss	SA	SA	SA	Vss	Q10	D9	D1
P	Q35	D35	Q26	SA	SA	C	SA	SA	Q9	D0	Q0
R	TDO	TCK	SA	SA	SA	$\overline{C}$	SA	SA	SA	TMS	TDI

Notes: 1. * Checked No Connect (NC) pins are reserved for higher density address, i.e. 10A for 144Mb and 2A for 288Mb.
2. $\overline{BW_0}$ controls write to D0:D8, $\overline{BW_1}$ controls write to D9:D17, $\overline{BW_2}$ controls write to D18:D26 and $\overline{BW_3}$ controls write to D27:D35.

PIN NAME

SYMBOL	PIN NUMBERS	DESCRIPTION	NOTE
K, $\overline{K}$	6B, 6A	Input Clock	
C, $\overline{C}$	6P, 6R	Input Clock for Output Data	1
CQ, $\overline{CQ}$	11A, 1A	Output Echo Clock	
$\overline{Doff}$	1H	DLL Disable when low	
SA	3A,9A,4B,8B,5C-7C,5N-7N,4P,5P,7P,8P,3R-5R,7R-9R	Address Inputs	
D0-35	10P,11N,11M,10K,11J,11G,10E,11D,11C,10N,9M,9L 9J,10G,9F,10D,9C,9B,3B,3C,2D,3F,2G,3J,3L,3M,2N 1C,1D,2E,1G,1J,2K,1M,1N,2P	Data Inputs	
Q0-35	11P,10M,11L,11K,10J,11F,11E,10C,11B,9P,9N,10L 9K,9G,10F,9E,9D,10B,2B,3D,3E,2F,3G,3K,2L,3N 3P,1B,2C,1E,1F,2J,1K,1L,2M,1P	Data Outputs	
$\overline{W}$	4A	Write Control Pin, active when low	
$\overline{R}$	8A	Read Control Pin, active when low	
$\overline{BW_0}$, $\overline{BW_1}$, $\overline{BW_2}$, $\overline{BW_3}$	7B,7A,5A,5B	Block Write Control Pin, active when low	
VREF	2H,10H	Input Reference Voltage	
ZQ	11H	Output Driver Impedance Control Input	2
VDD	5F,7F,5G,7G,5H,7H,5J,7J,5K,7K	Power Supply (1.8 V)	
VDDQ	4E,8E,4F,8F,4G,8G,3H,4H,8H,9H,4J,8J,4K,8K,4L,8L	Output Power Supply (1.5V or 1.8V)	
Vss	4C,8C,4D-8D,5E-7E,6F,6G,6H,6J,6K,5L-7L,4M,8M,4N,8N	Ground	
TMS	10R	JTAG Test Mode Select	
TDI	11R	JTAG Test Data Input	
TCK	2R	JTAG Test Clock	
TDO	1R	JTAG Test Data Output	
NC	2A,10A	No Connect	3

Notes: 1. C, $\overline{C}$, K or $\overline{K}$ cannot be set to VREF voltage.
2. When ZQ pin is directly connected to VDD output impedance is set to minimum value and it cannot be connected to ground or left unconnected.
3. Not connected to chip pad internally.

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2Mx36 & 4Mx18 & 8Mx9 QDR™ II b2 SRAM

PIN CONFIGURATIONS(TOP VIEW) K7R641882M(4Mx18)

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
A	$\overline{CQ}$	NC/SA*	SA	$\overline{W}$	$\overline{BW}_1$	$\overline{K}$	NC	$\overline{R}$	SA	SA	CQ
B	NC	Q9	D9	SA	NC	K	$\overline{BW}_0$	SA	NC	NC	Q8
C	NC	NC	D10	Vss	SA	SA	SA	Vss	NC	Q7	D8
D	NC	D11	Q10	Vss	Vss	Vss	Vss	Vss	NC	NC	D7
E	NC	NC	Q11	VDDQ	Vss	Vss	Vss	VDDQ	NC	D6	Q6
F	NC	Q12	D12	VDDQ	VDD	Vss	VDD	VDDQ	NC	NC	Q5
G	NC	D13	Q13	VDDQ	VDD	Vss	VDD	VDDQ	NC	NC	D5
H	$\overline{Doff}$	VREF	VDDQ	VDDQ	VDD	Vss	VDD	VDDQ	VDDQ	VREF	ZQ
J	NC	NC	D14	VDDQ	VDD	Vss	VDD	VDDQ	NC	Q4	D4
K	NC	NC	Q14	VDDQ	VDD	Vss	VDD	VDDQ	NC	D3	Q3
L	NC	Q15	D15	VDDQ	Vss	Vss	Vss	VDDQ	NC	NC	Q2
M	NC	NC	D16	Vss	Vss	Vss	Vss	Vss	NC	Q1	D2
N	NC	D17	Q16	Vss	SA	SA	SA	Vss	NC	NC	D1
P	NC	NC	Q17	SA	SA	C	SA	SA	NC	D0	Q0
R	TDO	TCK	SA	SA	SA	$\overline{C}$	SA	SA	SA	TMS	TDI

Notes: 1. * Checked No Connect (NC) pins are reserved for higher density address, i.e. 2A for 144Mb.
2. $\overline{BW}_0$ controls write to D0:D8 and $\overline{BW}_1$ controls write to D9:D17.

PIN NAME

SYMBOL	PIN NUMBERS	DESCRIPTION	NOTE
K, $\overline{K}$	6B, 6A	Input Clock	
C, $\overline{C}$	6P, 6R	Input Clock for Output Data	1
CQ, $\overline{CQ}$	11A, 1A	Output Echo Clock	
$\overline{Doff}$	1H	DLL Disable when low	
SA	3A,9A,10A,4B,8B,5C-7C,5N-7N,4P,5P,7P,8P,3R-5R,7R-9R	Address Inputs	
D0-17	10P,11N,11M,10K,11J,11G,10E,11D,11C,3B,3C,2D, 3F,2G,3J,3L,3M,2N	Data Inputs	
Q0-17	11P,10M,11L,11K,10J,11F,11E,10C,11B,2B,3D,3E, 2F,3G,3K,2L,3N,3P	Data Outputs	
$\overline{W}$	4A	Write Control Pin, active when low	
$\overline{R}$	8A	Read Control Pin, active when low	
$\overline{BW}_0$, $\overline{BW}_1$	7B, 5A	Block Write Control Pin, active when low	
VREF	2H,10H	Input Reference Voltage	
ZQ	11H	Output Driver Impedance Control Input	2
VDD	5F,7F,5G,7G,5H,7H,5J,7J,5K,7K	Power Supply (1.8 V)	
VDDQ	4E,8E,4F,8F,4G,8G,3H,4H,8H,9H,4J,8J,4K,8K,4L,8L	Output Power Supply (1.5V or 1.8V)	
Vss	4C,8C,4D-8D,5E-7E,6F,6G,6H,6J,6K,5L-7L,4M-8M,4N,8N	Ground	
TMS	10R	JTAG Test Mode Select	
TDI	11R	JTAG Test Data Input	
TCK	2R	JTAG Test Clock	
TDO	1R	JTAG Test Data Output	
NC	2A,7A,1B,5B,9B,10B,1C,2C,9C,1D,9D,10D,1E,2E,9E,1F,9F, 10F,1G,9G,10G,1J,2J,9J,1K,2K,9K,1L,9L,10L,1M,2M, 9M,1N,9N,10N,1P,2P,9P	No Connect	3

Notes: 1. C, $\overline{C}$, K or $\overline{K}$ cannot be set to VREF voltage.
2. When ZQ pin is directly connected to VDD output impedance is set to minimum value and it cannot be connected to ground or left unconnected.
3. Not connected to chip pad internally.

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K7R643682M
K7R641882M
K7R640982M

2Mx36 & 4Mx18 & 8Mx9 QDR^{TM} II b2 SRAM

PIN CONFIGURATIONS(TOP VIEW) K7R640982M(8Mx9)

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
A	$\overline{CQ}$	SA	SA	$\overline{W}$	NC	$\overline{K}$	NC	$\overline{R}$	SA	SA	CQ
B	NC	NC	NC	SA	NC	K	$\overline{BW}$	SA	NC	NC	Q3
C	NC	NC	NC	Vss	SA	SA	SA	Vss	NC	NC	D3
D	NC	D4	NC	Vss	Vss	Vss	Vss	Vss	NC	NC	NC
E	NC	NC	Q4	VDDQ	Vss	Vss	Vss	VDDQ	NC	D2	Q2
F	NC	NC	NC	VDDQ	VDD	Vss	VDD	VDDQ	NC	NC	NC
G	NC	D5	Q5	VDDQ	VDD	Vss	VDD	VDDQ	NC	NC	NC
H	$\overline{Doff}$	VREF	VDDQ	VDDQ	VDD	Vss	VDD	VDDQ	VDDQ	VREF	ZQ
J	NC	NC	NC	VDDQ	VDD	Vss	VDD	VDDQ	NC	Q1	D1
K	NC	NC	NC	VDDQ	VDD	Vss	VDD	VDDQ	NC	NC	NC
L	NC	Q6	D6	VDDQ	Vss	Vss	Vss	VDDQ	NC	NC	Q0
M	NC	NC	NC	Vss	Vss	Vss	Vss	Vss	NC	NC	D0
N	NC	D7	NC	Vss	SA	SA	SA	Vss	NC	NC	NC
P	NC	NC	Q7	SA	SA	C	SA	SA	NC	D8	Q8
R	TDO	TCK	SA	SA	SA	$\overline{C}$	SA	SA	SA	TMS	TDI

Notes: 1. $\overline{BW}$ controls write to D0:D8.

PIN NAME

SYMBOL	PIN NUMBERS	DESCRIPTION	NOTE
K, $\overline{K}$	6B, 6A	Input Clock	
C, $\overline{C}$	6P, 6R	Input Clock for Output Data	1
CQ, $\overline{CQ}$	11A, 1A	Output Echo Clock	
$\overline{Doff}$	1H	DLL Disable when low	
SA	2A,3A,9A,10A,4B,8B,5C-7C,5N-7N,4P,5P,7P,8P,3R-5R,7R-9R	Address Inputs	
D0-8	11M,11J,10E,11C,2D,2G,3L,2N,10P	Data Inputs	
Q0-8	11L,10J,11E,11B,3E,3G,2L,3P,11P	Data Outputs	
$\overline{W}$	4A	Write Control Pin, active when low	
$\overline{R}$	8A	Read Control Pin, active when low	
$\overline{BW}$	7B	Nibble Write Control Pin, active when low	
VREF	2H,10H	Input Reference Voltage	
ZQ	11H	Output Driver Impedance Control Input	2
VDD	5F,7F,5G,7G,5H,7H,5J,7J,5K,7K	Power Supply (1.8 V)	
VDDQ	4E,8E,4F,8F,4G,8G,3H,4H,8H,9H,4J,8J,4K,8K,4L,8L	Output Power Supply (1.5V or 1.8V)	
Vss	4C,8C,4D-8D,5E-7E,6F,6G,6H,6J,6K,5L-7L,4M-8M,4N,8N	Ground	
TMS	10R	JTAG Test Mode Select	
TDI	11R	JTAG Test Data Input	
TCK	2R	JTAG Test Clock	
TDO	1R	JTAG Test Data Output	
NC	7A,5A,1B,2B,3B,5B,9B,10B,1C,2C,3C,9C,10C,1D,3D,9D,10D, 11D,1E,2E,9E,1F,2F,3F,9F,10F,11F,1G,9G,10G,11G,1J,2J,3J,9J 1K,2K,3K,10K,11K,9K,1L,9L,10L,1M,2M,3M,9M,10M,1N,3N,9N 10N,11N,1P,2P,9P	No Connect	3

Notes: 1. C, $\overline{C}$, K or $\overline{K}$ cannot be set to VREF voltage.
    2. When ZQ pin is directly connected to VDD output impedance is set to minimum value and it cannot be connected to ground or left unconnected.
    3. Not connected to chip pad internally.

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K7R643682M
K7R641882M
K7R640982M

2Mx36 & 4Mx18 & 8Mx9 QDR^{TM} II b2 SRAM

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The K7R643682M,K7R641882M and K7R640982M are 75,497,472-bits QDR (Quad Data Rate)
Synchronous Pipelined Burst SRAMs.
They are organized as 2,097,152 words by 36bits for K7R643682M, 4,194,304 words by 18 bits for K7R641882M and
8,388,608 words by 9bits for K7R640982M.
The QDR operation is possible by supporting DDR read and write operations through separate data output and input ports
with the same cycle. Memory bandwidth is maximized as data can be transferred into SRAM on every rising edge of K and $\overline{K}$,
and transferred out of SRAM on every rising edge of C and $\overline{C}$.
And totally independent read and write ports eliminate the need for high speed bus turn around.
Address, data inputs, and all control signals are synchronized to the input clock (K or $\overline{K}$).
Normally data outputs are synchronized to output clocks (C and $\overline{C}$), but when C and $\overline{C}$ are tied high,
the data outputs are synchronized to the input clocks (K and $\overline{K}$).
Read data are referenced to echo clock (CQ or $\overline{CQ}$) outputs.
Read address is registered on rising edges of the input K clocks,
and write address is registered on rising edges of the input $\overline{K}$ clocks.
Common address bus is used to access address both for read and write operations.
The internal burst counter is fixed to 2-bit sequential for both read and write operations.
Synchronous pipeline read and early write enable high speed operations.
Simple depth expansion is accomplished by using $\overline{R}$ and $\overline{W}$ for port selection.
Byte write operation is supported with $\overline{BW}_0$ and $\overline{BW}_1$($\overline{BW}_2$ and $\overline{BW}_3$) pins for x18 (x36) device and only $\overline{BW}$ pin for x9 device.
IEEE 1149.1 serial boundary scan (JTAG) simplifies monitoring package pads attachment status with system.
The K7R643682M,K7R641882M and K7R640982M are implemented with SAMSUNG's high performance 6T CMOS technology
and is available in 165pin FBGA packages. Multiple power and ground pins minimize ground bounce.

Read Operations

Read cycles are initiated by activating $\overline{R}$ at the rising edge of the positive input clock K.
Address is presented and stored in the read address register synchronized with K clock.
For 2-bit burst DDR operation, it will access two 36-bit or 18-bit or 9-bit data words with each read command.
The first pipelined data is transferred out of the device triggered by $\overline{C}$ clock following next $\overline{K}$ clock rising edge.
Next burst data is triggered by the rising edge of following C clock rising edge.
Continuous read operations are initiated with K clock rising edge.
And pipeline data are transferred out of device on every rising edge of both C and $\overline{C}$ clocks.
In case C and $\overline{C}$ tied to high, output data are triggered by K and $\overline{K}$ instead of C and $\overline{C}$.
When the $\overline{R}$ is disabled after a read operation, the K7R643682M,K7R641882M and K7R640982M will first complete burst read
operation before entering into deselect mode at the next K clock rising edge.
Then output drivers disabled automatically to high impedance state.

Write Operations

Write cycles are initiated by activating $\overline{W}$ at the rising edge of the positive input clock K.
Address is presented and stored in the write address register synchronized with following $\overline{K}$ clock.
For 2-bit burst DDR operation, it will write two 36-bit or 18-bit or 9-bit data words with each write command.
The first "early" data is transferred and registered in to the device synchronous with same K clock rising edge with $\overline{W}$ presented.
Next burst data is transferred and registered synchronous with following $\overline{K}$ clock rising edge.
Continuous write operations are initiated with K rising edge.
And "early writed" data is presented to the device on every rising edge of both K and $\overline{K}$ clocks.
When the $\overline{W}$ is disabled, the K7R643682M, K7R641882M, and K7R640982M will enter into deselect mode.
The device disregards input data presented on the same cycle $\overline{W}$ disabled.
The K7R643682M, K7R641882M and K7R640982M support byte write operations.
With activating $\overline{BW}_0$ or $\overline{BW}_1$ ($\overline{BW}_2$ or $\overline{BW}_3$) in write cycle, only one byte of input data is presented.
In K7R641882M, $\overline{BW}_0$ controls write operation to D0:D8, $\overline{BW}_1$ controls write operation to D9:D17.
And in K7R643682M $\overline{BW}_2$ controls write operation to D18:D26, $\overline{BW}_3$ controls write operation to D27:D35.
And in K7R640982M $\overline{BW}$ controls write operation to D0:D8.

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Single Clock Mode

K7R643682M,K7R641882M and K7R640982M can be operated with the single clock pair K and $\overline{K}$, instead of C or $\overline{C}$ for output clocks.
To operate these devices in single clock mode, C and $\overline{C}$ must be tied high during power up
and must be maintained high during operation.
After power up, this device can't change to or from single clock mode.

Depth Expansion

Separate input and output ports enables easy depth expansion.
Each port can be selected and deselected independently and read and write operation do not affect each other.
Before chip deselected, all read and write pending operations are completed.

Programmable Impedance Output Buffer Operation

The designer can program the SRAM's output buffer impedance by terminating the ZQ pin to V_{SS} through a precision resistor (RQ).
The value of RQ (within 15%) is five times the output impedance desired.
For example, 250Ω resistor will give an output impedance of 50Ω.
Impedance updates occur early in cycles that do not activate the outputs, such as deselect cycles.
In all cases impedance updates are transparent to the user and do not produce access time "push-outs" or other anomalous behavior in the SRAM.
To guarantee optimum output driver impedance after power up, the SRAM needs 1024 non-read cycles.

Echo clock operation

To assure the output traceability, the SRAM provides the output Echo clock, pair of compliment clock CQ and $\overline{CQ}$,
which are synchronized with internal data output.
Echo clocks run free during normal operation.
The Echo clock is triggered by internal output clock signal, and transferred to external through same structures as output driver.

Clock Consideration

K7R643682M,K7R641882M and K7R640982M utilizes internal DLL (Delay-Locked Loops) for maximum output data valid window.
It can be placed into a stopped-clock state to minimize power with a modest restart time of 1024 clock cycles.
Circuitry automatically resets the DLL when absence of input clock is detected.

Power-Up/Power-Down Supply Voltage Sequencing

The following power-up supply voltage application is recommended: V_{SS}, V_{DD}, V_{DDQ}, V_{REF}, then V_{IN}. V_{DD} and V_{DDQ} can be applied simultaneously, as long as V_{DDQ} does not exceed V_{DD} by more than 0.5V during power-up. The following power-down supply voltage removal sequence is recommended: V_{IN}, V_{REF}, V_{DDQ}, V_{DD}, V_{SS}. V_{DD} and V_{DDQ} can be removed simultaneously, as long as V_{DDQ} does not exceed V_{DD} by more than 0.5V during power-down.

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2Mx36 & 4Mx18 & 8Mx9 QDR™ II b2 SRAM

Detail Specification of Power-Up Sequence in QDRII SRAM

QDRII SRAMs must be powered up and initialized in a predefined manner to prevent undefined operations.
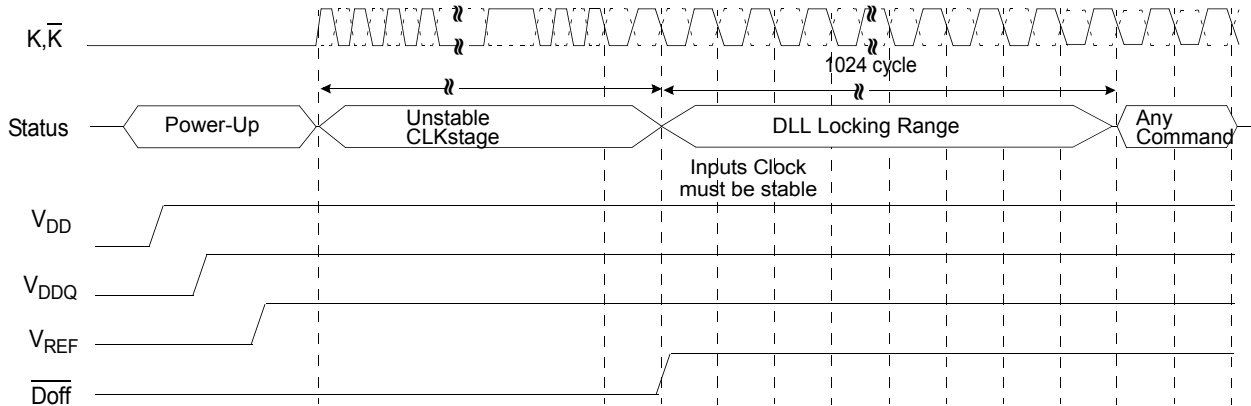
• **Power-Up Sequence**

  1. Apply power and keep $\overline{Doff}$ at low state (All other inputs may be undefined)
     - Apply VDD before VDDQ
     - Apply VDDQ before VREF or the same time with VREF
  2. Just after the stable power and clock(K,$\overline{K}$), take $\overline{Doff}$ to be high.
  3. The additional 2048 cycles of clock input is required to lock the DLL after enabling DLL

  * **Notes**: If you want to tie up the $\overline{Doff}$ pin to High with unstable clock, then you must stop the clock for a few seconds (Min. 30ns) to reset the DLL after it become a stable clock status.

• **DLL Constraints**

  1. DLL uses either K clock as its synchronizing input, the input should have low phase jitter which is specified as TK var.
  2. The lower end of the frequency at which the DLL can operate is 120MHz.
  3. If the incoming clock is unstable and the DLL is enabled, then the DLL may lock onto a wrong frequency
     and this may cause the failure in the initial stage.

Power up & Initialization Sequence ($\overline{Doff}$ pin controlled)

Power up & Initialization Sequence ($\overline{Doff}$ pin Fixed high, Clock controlled)
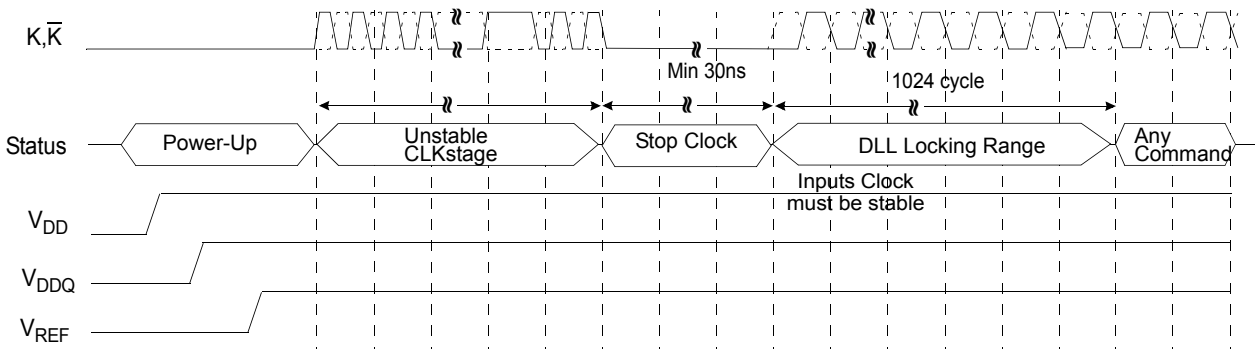
* **Notes**: When the operating frequency is changed, DLL reset should be required again.
       After DLL reset again, the minimum 2048 cycles of clock input is needed to lock the DLL.

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TRUTH TABLES
SYNCHRONOUS TRUTH TABLE

K	$\overline{R}$	$\overline{W}$	D		Q		OPERATION
			D(A0)	D(A1)	Q(A0)	Q(A1)	
Stopped	X	X	Previous state	Previous state	Previous state	Previous state	Clock Stop
↑	H	H	X	X	High-Z	High-Z	No Operation
↑	L	X	X	X	Dout at $\overline{C}$(t+1)	Dout at C(t+2)	Read
↑	X	L	Din at K(t)	Din at $\overline{K}$(t)	X	X	Write

Notes: 1. X means "Don't Care".

　　　2. The rising edge of clock is symbolized by (↑).

　　　3. Before enter into clock stop status, all pending read and write operations will be completed.

WRITE TRUTH TABLE(x18)

K	$\overline{K}$	$\overline{BW_0}$	$\overline{BW_1}$	OPERATION
↑		L	L	WRITE ALL BYTEs (K↑)
	↑	L	L	WRITE ALL BYTEs ($\overline{K}$↑)
↑		L	H	WRITE BYTE 0 (K↑)
	↑	L	H	WRITE BYTE 0 ($\overline{K}$↑)
↑		H	L	WRITE BYTE 1 (K↑)
	↑	H	L	WRITE BYTE 1 ($\overline{K}$↑)
↑		H	H	WRITE NOTHING (K↑)
	↑	H	H	WRITE NOTHING ($\overline{K}$↑)

Notes: 1. X means "Don't Care".

　　　2. All inputs in this table must meet setup and hold time around the rising edge of input clock K or $\overline{K}$ (↑).

　　　3. Assumes a WRITE cycle was initiated.

　　　4. This table illustrates operation for x18 devices. x9 device operation is similar except that $\overline{BW}$ controls D0:D8.

WRITE TRUTH TABLE(x36)

K	$\overline{K}$	$\overline{BW_0}$	$\overline{BW_1}$	$\overline{BW_2}$	$\overline{BW_3}$	OPERATION
↑		L	L	L	L	WRITE ALL BYTEs (K↑)
	↑	L	L	L	L	WRITE ALL BYTEs ($\overline{K}$↑)
↑		L	H	H	H	WRITE BYTE 0 (K↑)
	↑	L	H	H	H	WRITE BYTE 0 ($\overline{K}$↑)
↑		H	L	H	H	WRITE BYTE 1 (K↑)
	↑	H	L	H	H	WRITE BYTE 1 ($\overline{K}$↑)
↑		H	H	L	L	WRITE BYTE 2 and BYTE 3 (K↑)
	↑	H	H	L	L	WRITE BYTE 2 and BYTE 3 ($\overline{K}$↑)
↑		H	H	H	H	WRITE NOTHING (K↑)
	↑	H	H	H	H	WRITE NOTHING ($\overline{K}$↑)

Notes: 1. X means "Don't Care".

　　　2. All inputs in this table must meet setup and hold time around the rising edge of input clock K or $\overline{K}$ (↑).

　　　3. Assumes a WRITE cycle was initiated.

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ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS*

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	RATING	UNIT
Voltage on V$_{DD}$ Supply Relative to V$_{SS}$	V$_{DD}$	-0.5 to 2.9	V
Voltage on V$_{DDQ}$ Supply Relative to V$_{SS}$	V$_{DDQ}$	-0.5 to V$_{DD}$	V
Voltage on Input Pin Relative to V$_{SS}$	V$_{IN}$	-0.5 to V$_{DD}$+0.3	V
Storage Temperature	T$_{STG}$	-65 to 150	°C
Operating Temperature (Commercial / Industrial)	T$_{OPR}$	0 to 70 / -40 to 85	°C
Storage Temperature Range Under Bias	T$_{BIAS}$	-10 to 85	°C

*Note: 1. Stresses greater than those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operating sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect reliability.

    2. V$_{DDQ}$ must not exceed V$_{DD}$ during normal operation.

OPERATING CONDITIONS (0°C ≤ T$_A$ ≤ 70°C)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN	MAX	UNIT
Supply Voltage	V$_{DD}$	1.7	1.9	V
	V$_{DDQ}$	1.4	1.9	V
Reference Voltage	V$_{REF}$	0.68	0.95	V

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS(V$_{DD}$=1.8V ±0.1V, T$_A$=0°C to +70°C)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS		MIN	MAX	UNIT	NOTES
Input Leakage Current	I$_{IL}$	V$_{DD}$=Max; V$_{IN}$=V$_{SS}$ to V$_{DDQ}$		-2	+2	μA	
Output Leakage Current	I$_{OL}$	Output Disabled,		-2	+2	μA	
Operating Current (x36): QDR mode	I$_{CC}$	V$_{DD}$=Max, I$_{OUT}$=0mA Cycle Time ≥ t$_{KHKH}$ Min.	-25	-	950	mA	1,4
			-20	-	850		
			-16	-	800		
Operating Current (x18): QDR mode	I$_{CC}$	V$_{DD}$=Max, I$_{OUT}$=0mA Cycle Time ≥ t$_{KHKH}$ Min.	-25	-	900	mA	1,4
			-20	-	800		
			-16	-	750		
Operating Current (x9): QDR mode	I$_{CC}$	V$_{DD}$=Max, I$_{OUT}$=0mA Cycle Time ≥ t$_{KHKH}$ Min.	-25	-	850	mA	1,4
			-20	-	750		
			-16	-	700		
Standby Current (NOP): QDR mode	I$_{SB1}$	Device deselected, I$_{OUT}$=0mA, f=Max, All Inputs≤0.2V or ≥ V$_{DD}$-0.2V	-25	-	400	mA	1,5
			-20	-	380		
			-16	-	360		
Output High Voltage	V$_{OH1}$			V$_{DDQ}$/2-0.12	V$_{DDQ}$/2+0.12	V	2,6
Output Low Voltage	V$_{OL1}$			V$_{DDQ}$/2-0.12	V$_{DDQ}$/2+0.12	V	2,6
Output High Voltage	V$_{OH2}$	I$_{OH}$=-1.0mA		V$_{DDQ}$-0.2	V$_{DDQ}$	V	3
Output Low Voltage	V$_{OL2}$	I$_{OL}$=1.0mA		V$_{SS}$	0.2	V	3
Input Low Voltage	V$_{IL}$			-0.3	V$_{REF}$-0.1	V	7,8
Input High Voltage	V$_{IH}$			V$_{REF}$+0.1	V$_{DDQ}$+0.3	V	7,9

Notes: 1. Minimum cycle. I$_{OUT}$=0mA.
    2. |I$_{OH}$|=(V$_{DDQ}$/2)/(RQ/5)±15% for 175Ω ≤ RQ ≤ 350Ω. |I$_{OL}$|=(V$_{DDQ}$/2)/(RQ/5)±15% for 175Ω ≤ RQ ≤ 350Ω.
    3. Minimum Impedance Mode when ZQ pin is connected to V$_{DDQ}$.
    4. Operating current is calculated with 50% read cycles and 50% write cycles.
    5. Standby Current is only after all pending read and write burst operations are completed.
    6. Programmable Impedance Mode.
    7. These are DC test criteria. DC design criteria is V$_{REF}$±50mV. The AC V$_{IH}$/V$_{IL}$ levels are defined separately for measuring timing parameters.
    8. V$_{IL}$ (Min.) DC=-0.3V, V$_{IL}$ (Min.) AC=-1.5V(pulse width ≤ 3ns).
    9. V$_{IH}$ (Max)DC=V$_{DDQ}$+0.3, V$_{IH}$ (Max)AC=V$_{DDQ}$+0.85V(pulse width ≤ 3ns).

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AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (VDD=1.8V ±0.1V, TA=0°C to +70°C)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN	MAX	UNIT	NOTES
Input High Voltage	VIH (AC)	VREF + 0.2	-	V	1,2
Input Low Voltage	VIL (AC)	-	VREF - 0.2	V	1,2

Notes: 1. This condition is for AC function test only, not for AC parameter test.
    2. To maintain a valid level, the transition edge of the input must:
       a) Sustain a constant slew rate from the current AC level through the target AC level, $V_{IL(AC)}$ or $V_{IH(AC)}$
       b) Reach at least the target AC level
       c) After the AC target level is reached, continue to maintain at least the target DC level, $V_{IL(DC)}$ or $V_{IH(DC)}$

AC TIMING CHARACTERISTICS (VDD=1.8V±0.1V, TA=0°C to +70°C)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	-25 MIN	-25 MAX	-20 MIN	-20 MAX	-16 MIN	-16 MAX	UNITS	NOTES
Clock									
Clock Cycle Time (K, $\overline{K}$, C, $\overline{C}$)	tKHKH	4.00	8.40	5.00	8.40	6.00	8.40	ns	
Clock Phase Jitter (K, $\overline{K}$, C, $\overline{C}$)	tKC var		0.20		0.20		0.20	ns	5
Clock High Time (K, $\overline{K}$, C, $\overline{C}$)	tKHKL	1.60		2.00		2.40		ns	
Clock Low Time (K, $\overline{K}$, C, $\overline{C}$)	tKLKH	1.60		2.00		2.40		ns	
Clock to Clock (K↑ → $\overline{K}$↑, C↑ → $\overline{C}$↑)	tKH$\overline{K}$H	1.80		2.20		2.70		ns	
Clock to data clock (K↑ → C↑, $\overline{K}$↑ → $\overline{C}$↑)	tKHCH	0.00	1.80	0.00	2.30	0.00	2.80	ns	
DLL Lock Time (K, C)	tKC lock	1024		1024		1024		cycle	6
K Static to DLL reset	tKC reset	30		30		30		ns	
Output Times									
C, $\overline{C}$ High to Output Valid	tCHQV		0.45		0.45		0.50	ns	3
C, $\overline{C}$ High to Output Hold	tCHQX	-0.45		-0.45		-0.50		ns	3
C, $\overline{C}$ High to Echo Clock Valid	tCHCQV		0.45		0.45		0.50	ns	
C, $\overline{C}$ High to Echo Clock Hold	tCHCQX	-0.45		-0.45		-0.50		ns	
CQ, $\overline{CQ}$ High to Output Valid	tCQHQV		0.30		0.35		0.40	ns	7
CQ, $\overline{CQ}$ High to Output Hold	tCQHQX	-0.30		-0.35		-0.40		ns	7
$\overline{C}$, High to Output High-Z	tCHQZ		0.45		0.45		0.50	ns	3
$\overline{C}$, High to Output Low-Z	tCHQX1	-0.45		-0.45		-0.50		ns	3
Setup Times									
Address valid to K rising edge	tAVKH	0.35		0.40		0.50		ns	
Control inputs valid to K rising edge	tIVKH	0.35		0.40		0.50		ns	2
Data-in valid to K, $\overline{K}$ rising edge	tDVKH	0.35		0.40		0.50		ns	
Hold Times									
K rising edge to address hold	tKHAX	0.35		0.40		0.50		ns	
K rising edge to control inputs hold	tKHIX	0.35		0.40		0.50		ns	
K, $\overline{K}$ rising edge to data-in hold	tKHDX	0.35		0.40		0.50		ns	

Notes: 1. All address inputs must meet the specified setup and hold times for all latching clock edges.
    2. Control singles are $\overline{R}$, $\overline{W}$,$\overline{BW}_0$,$\overline{BW}_1$ and $\overline{BW}_2$, $\overline{BW}_3$, also for x36
    3. If C,$\overline{C}$ are tied high, K,$\overline{K}$ become the references for C,$\overline{C}$ timing parameters.
    4. To avoid bus contention, at a given voltage and temperature tCHQX1 is bigger than tCHQZ.
    The specs as shown do not imply bus contention because tCHQX1 is a MIN parameter that is worst case at totally different test conditions (0°C, 1.9V) than tCHQZ, which is a MAX parameter (worst case at 70°C, 1.7V)
    It is not possible for two SRAMs on the same board to be at such different voltage and temperature.
    5. Clock phase jitter is the variance from clock rising edge to the next expected clock rising edge.
    6. Vdd slew rate must be less than 0.1V DC per 50ns for DLL lock retention. DLL lock time begins once Vdd and input clock are stable.
    7. Echo clock is very tightly controlled to data valid/data hold. By design, there is a ± 0.1ns variation from echo clock to data.
    The data sheet parameters reflect tester guard bands and test setup variations.

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THERMAL RESISTANCE

PRMETER	SYMBOL	TYP	Unit	NOTES
Junction to Ambient	θ_{JA}	21	°C/W	
Junction to Case	θ_{JC}	2.48	°C/W	

Note: Junction temperature is a function of on-chip power dissipation, package thermal impedance, mounting site temperature and mounting site thermal impedance. $T_J = T_A + P_D \times \theta_{JA}$.

PIN CAPACITANCE

| PRMETER	SYMBOL	TESTCONDITION	TYP	MAX	Unit	NOTES
Address Control Input Capacitance	C_{IN}	$V_{IN}=0V$	3.5	4	pF	
Input and Output Capacitance	C_{OUT}	$V_{OUT}=0V$	4	5	pF	
Clock Capacitance	C_{CLK}	-	3	4	pF	

Note: 1. Parameters are tested with RQ=250Ω and V_{DDQ}=1.5V.

2. Periodically sampled and not 100% tested.

AC TEST CONDITIONS

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Core Power Supply Voltage	V_{DD}	1.7~1.9	V
Output Power Supply Voltage	V_{DDQ}	1.4~1.9	V
Input High/Low Level	V_{IH}/V_{IL}	1.25/0.25	V
Input Reference Level	V_{REF}	0.75	V
Input Rise/Fall Time	T_R/T_F	0.3/0.3	ns
Output Timing Reference Level		$V_{DDQ}/2$	V

Note: Parameters are tested with RQ=250Ω

AC TEST OUTPUT LOAD

Overershoot Timing
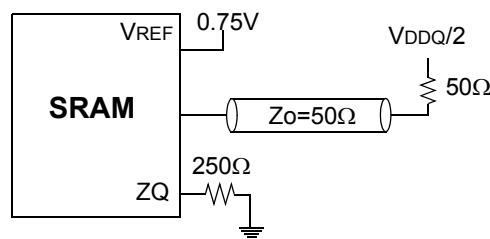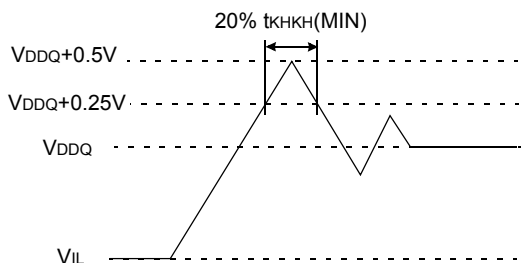
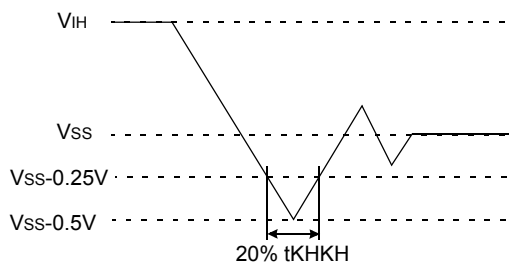## Undershoot Timing

Note: For power-up, $V_{IH} \leq V_{DDQ}+0.3V$ and $V_{DD} \leq 1.7V$ and $V_{DDQ} \leq 1.4V$ t $\leq$ 200ms

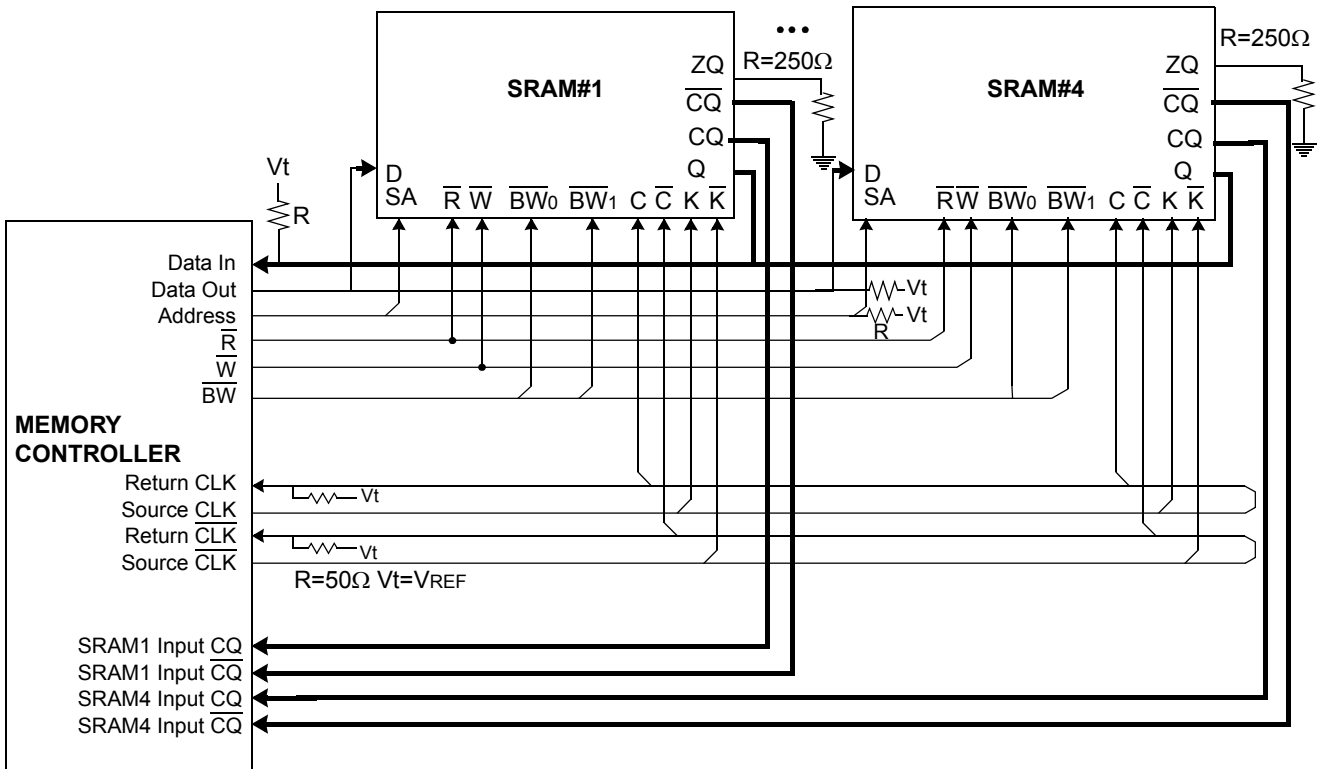**Rev. 1.3 March 2007**

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APPLICATION INRORMATION

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TIMING WAVE FORMS OF READ AND NOP

Note: 1. Q1-1 refers to output from address A1+0, Q1-2 refers to output from address A1+1 i.e. the next internal burst address following A1+0.

2. Outputs are disabled one cycle after a NOP.

TIMING WAVE FORMS OF WRITE AND NOP

Note: 1.D1-1 refers to input to address A1+0, D1-2 refers to input to address A1+1, i.e the next internal burst address following A1+0.

2. $\overline{BWx}$ assumed active.

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TIMING WAVE FORMS OF READ, WRITE AND NOP
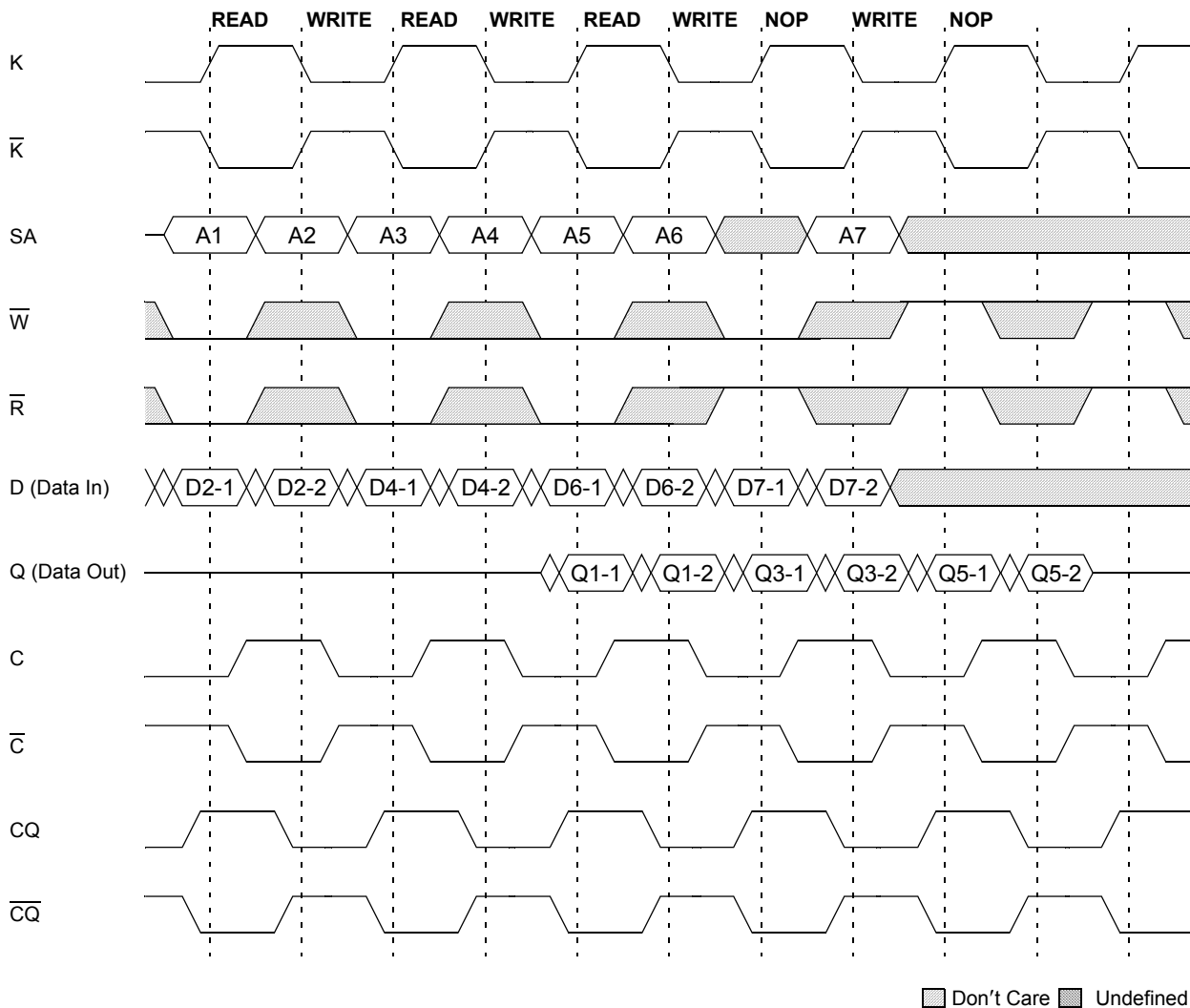
Note: 1. If address A2=A3, data Q3-1=D2-1, data Q3-2=D2-2.

    Write data is forwarded immediately as read results.

  2. $\overline{BWx}$ assumed active.

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IEEE 1149.1 TEST ACCESS PORT AND BOUNDARY SCAN-JTAG

This part contains an IEEE standard 1149.1 Compatible Test Access Port (TAP). The package pads are monitored by the Serial Scan circuitry when in test mode. This is to support connectivity testing during manufacturing and system diagnostics. Internal data is not driven out of the SRAM under JTAG control. In conformance with IEEE 1149.1, the SRAM contains a TAP controller, Instruction Register, Bypass Register and ID register. The TAP controller has a standard 16-state machine that resets internally upon power-up, therefore, TRST signal is not required. It is possible to use this device without utilizing the TAP. To disable the TAP controller without interfacing with normal operation of the SRAM, TCK must be tied to Vss to preclude mid level input. TMS and TDI are designed so an undriven input will produce a response identical to the application of a logic 1, and may be left unconnected. But they may also be tied to VDD through a resistor. TDO should be left unconnected.

JTAG Block Diagram
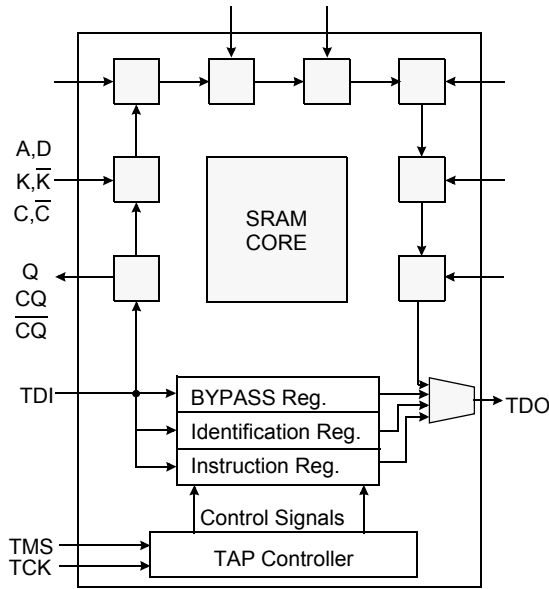
JTAG Instruction Coding

IR2	IR1	IR0	Instruction	TDO Output	Notes
0	0	0	EXTEST	Boundary Scan Register	1
0	0	1	IDCODE	Identification Register	3
0	1	0	SAMPLE-Z	Boundary Scan Register	2
0	1	1	RESERVED	Do Not Use	6
1	0	0	SAMPLE	Boundary Scan Register	5
1	0	1	RESERVED	Do Not Use	6
1	1	0	RESERVED	Do Not Use	6
1	1	1	BYPASS	Bypass Register	4

NOTE:

1. Places DQs in Hi-Z in order to sample all input data regardless of other SRAM inputs. This instruction is not IEEE 1149.1 compliant.
2. Places DQs in Hi-Z in order to sample all input data regardless of other SRAM inputs.
3. TDI is sampled as an input to the first ID register to allow for the serial shift of the external TDI data.
4. Bypass register is initiated to Vss when BYPASS instruction is invoked. The Bypass Register also holds serially loaded TDI when exiting the Shift DR states.
5. SAMPLE instruction dose not places DQs in Hi-Z.
6. This instruction is reserved for future use.

TAP Controller State Diagram

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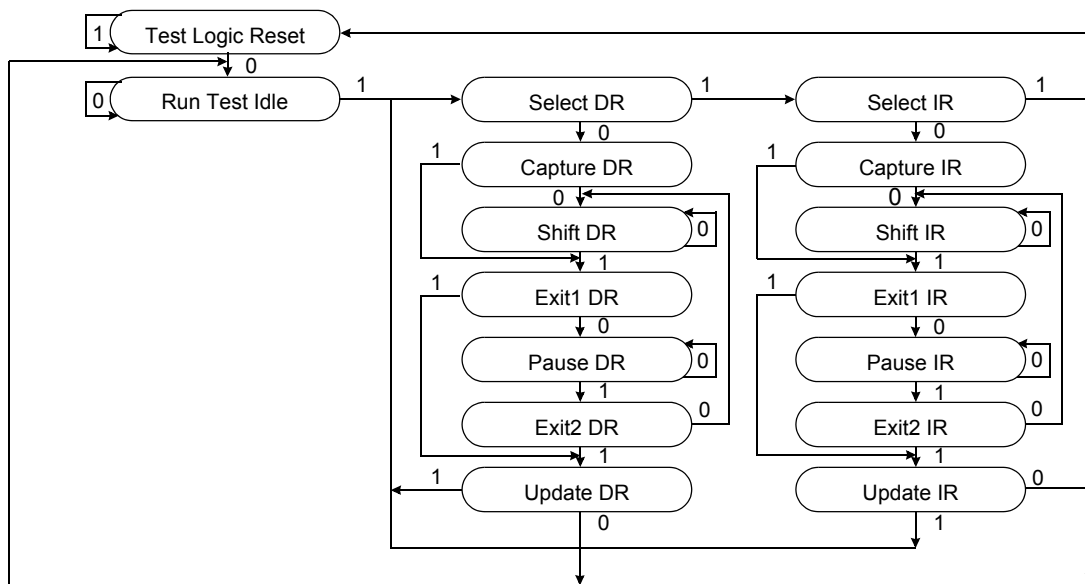
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SCAN REGISTER DEFINITION

Part	Instruction Register	Bypass Register	ID Register	Boundary Scan
2Mx36	3 bits	1 bit	32 bits	109 bits
4Mx18	3 bits	1 bit	32 bits	109 bits
8Mx9	3 bits	1 bit	32 bits	109 bits

ID REGISTER DEFINITION

Part	Revision Number (31:29)	Part Configuration (28:12)	Samsung JEDEC Code (11: 1)	Start Bit(0)
2Mx36	000	00def0wx0t0q0b0s0	00001001110	1
4Mx18	000	00def0wx0t0q0b0s0	00001001110	1
8Mx9	000	00def0wx0t0q0b0s0	00001001110	1

Note: Part Configuration

/def=011 for 72Mb, /wx=11 for x36, 10 for x18, 00 for x9.

/t=1 for DLL Ver., 0 for non-DLL Ver. /q=1 for QDR, 0 for DDR /b=1 for 4Bit Burst, 0 for 2Bit Burst /s=1 for Separate I/O, 0 for Common I/O

BOUNDARY SCAN EXIT ORDER

ORDER	PIN ID	ORDER	PIN ID	ORDER	PIN ID
1	6R	37	10D	73	2C
2	6P	38	9E	74	3E
3	6N	39	10C	75	2D
4	7P	40	11D	76	2E
5	7N	41	9C	77	1E
6	7R	42	9D	78	2F
7	8R	43	11B	79	3F
8	8P	44	11C	80	1G
9	9R	45	9B	81	1F
10	11P	46	10B	82	3G
11	10P	47	11A	83	2G
12	10N	48	10A	84	1H
13	9P	49	9A	85	1J
14	10M	50	8B	86	2J
15	11N	51	7C	87	3K
16	9M	52	6C	88	3J
17	9N	53	8A	89	2K
18	11L	54	7A	90	1K
19	11M	55	7B	91	2L
20	9L	56	6B	92	3L
21	10L	57	6A	93	1M
22	11K	58	5B	94	1L
23	10K	59	5A	95	3N
24	9J	60	4A	96	3M
25	9K	61	5C	97	1N
26	10J	62	4B	98	2M
27	11J	63	3A	99	3P
28	11H	64	2A	100	2N
29	10G	65	1A	101	2P
30	9G	66	2B	102	1P
31	11F	67	3B	103	3R
32	11G	68	1C	104	4R
33	9F	69	1B	105	4P
34	10F	70	3D	106	5P
35	11E	71	3C	107	5N
36	10E	72	1D	108	5R
				109	Internal

Note: 1. NC pins are read as "X" (i.e. don't care.)

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JTAG DC OPERATING CONDITIONS

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Note
Power Supply Voltage	V$_{DD}$	1.7	1.8	1.9	V	
Input High Level	V$_{IH}$	1.3	-	V$_{DD}$+0.3	V	
Input Low Level	V$_{IL}$	-0.3	-	0.5	V	
Output High Voltage (IOH=-2mA)	V$_{OH}$	1.4	-	V$_{DD}$	V	
Output Low Voltage(I$_{OL}$=2mA)	V$_{OL}$	V$_{SS}$	-	0.4	V	

Note: 1. The input level of SRAM pin is to follow the SRAM DC specification.

JTAG AC TEST CONDITIONS

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Unit	Note
Input High/Low Level	V$_{IH}$/V$_{IL}$	1.3/0.5	V	
Input Rise/Fall Time	TR/TF	1.0/1.0	ns	
Input and Output Timing Reference Level		0.9	V	1

Note: 1. See SRAM AC test output load on page 12.

JTAG AC Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Note
TCK Cycle Time	t$_{CHCH}$	50	-	ns	
TCK High Pulse Width	t$_{CHCL}$	20	-	ns	
TCK Low Pulse Width	t$_{CLCH}$	20	-	ns	
TMS Input Setup Time	t$_{MVCH}$	5	-	ns	
TMS Input Hold Time	t$_{CHMX}$	5	-	ns	
TDI Input Setup Time	t$_{DVCH}$	5	-	ns	
TDI Input Hold Time	t$_{CHDX}$	5	-	ns	
SRAM Input Setup Time	t$_{SVCH}$	5	-	ns	
SRAM Input Hold Time	t$_{CHSX}$	5	-	ns	
Clock Low to Output Valid	t$_{CLQV}$	0	10	ns	

JTAG TIMING DIAGRAM

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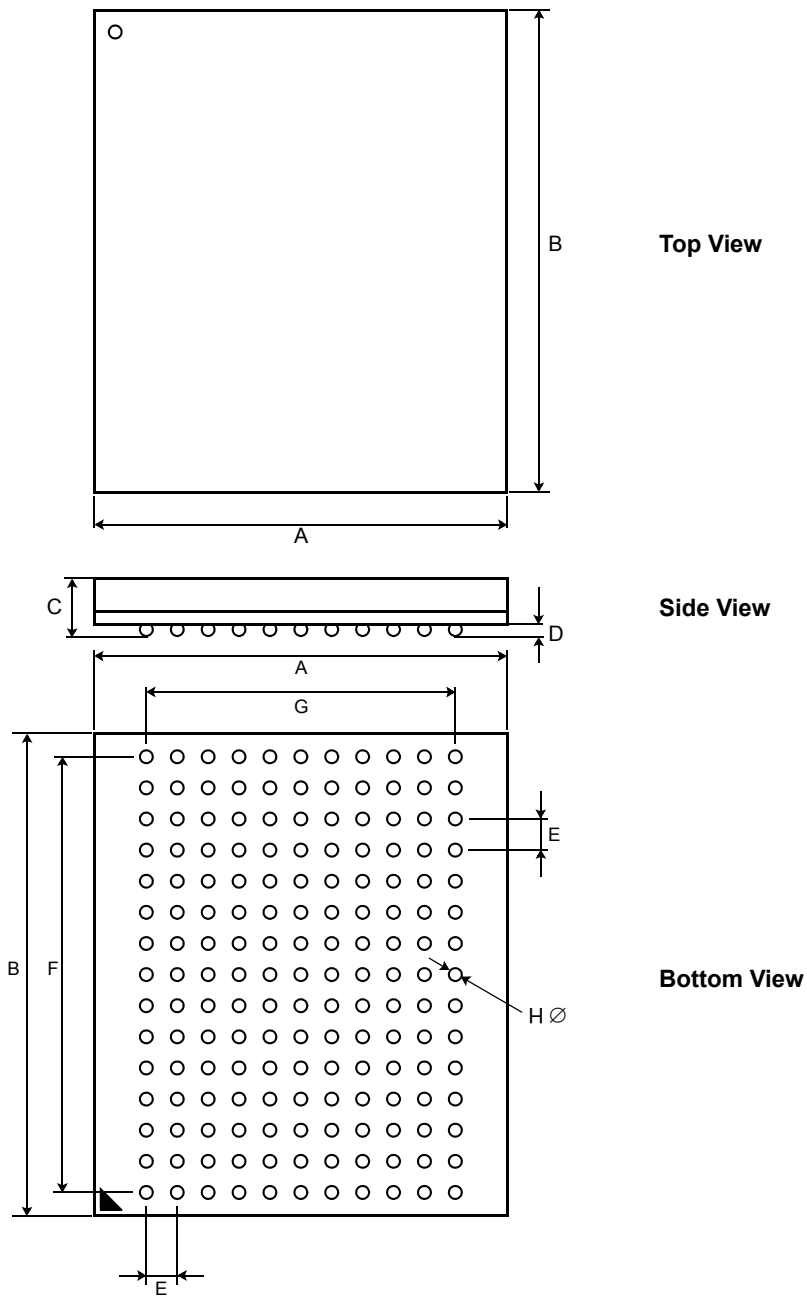
Rev. 1.3 March 2007
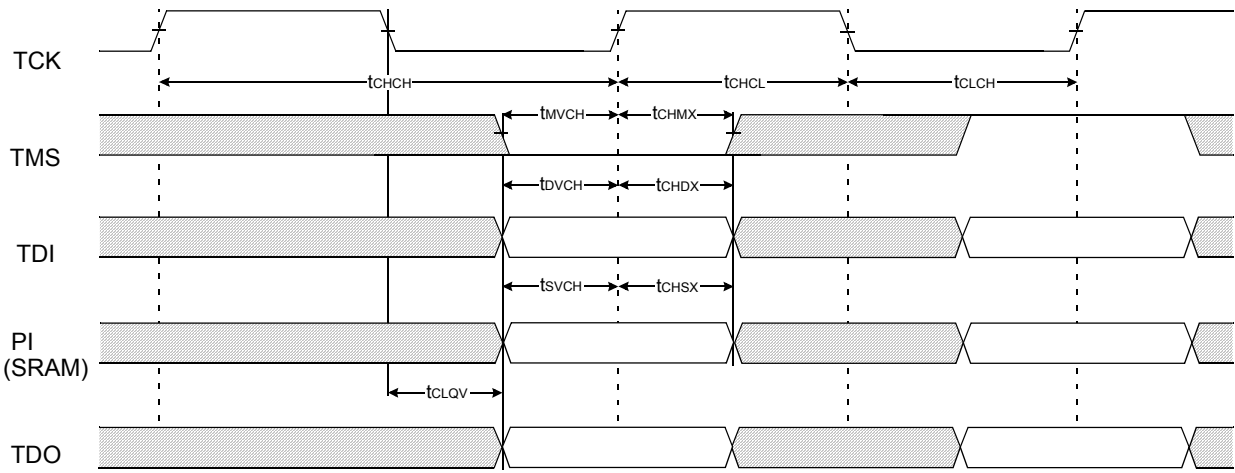
K7R643682M
K7R641882M
K7R640982M

2Mx36 & 4Mx18 & 8Mx9 QDR^{TM} II b2 SRAM

165 FBGA PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

15mm x 17mm Body, 1.0mm Bump Pitch, 11x15 Ball Array

Top View

Side View

Bottom View

Symbol	Value	Units	Note	Symbol	Value	Units	Note
A	15 ± 0.1	mm		**E**	1.0	mm	
B	17 ± 0.1	mm		**F**	14.0	mm	
C	1.3 ± 0.1	mm		**G**	10.0	mm	
D	0.35 ± 0.05	mm		**H**	0.5 ± 0.05	mm	

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