

**K7S3236T4C
K7S3218T4C**

1Mx36 & 2Mx18 QDR™ II+ b4 SRAM

36Mb QDRII+ SRAM Specification

**165 FBGA with Pb & Pb-Free
(RoHS compliant)**

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**K7S3236T4C
K7S3218T4C**

1Mx36 & 2Mx18 QDR™ II+ b4 SRAM

Document Title

1Mx36-bit, 2Mx18-bit QDR™ II+ b4 SRAM

Revision History

<u>Rev.No.</u>	<u>History</u>	<u>Draft Date</u>	<u>Remark</u>
0.0	1. Initial document.	Nov. 2, 2005	Advance
0.1	1. Change the DLL locking time - Before: 1024 cycle - After: 2048 cycle	Nov. 25, 2005	Preliminary
0.2	1. Add comment Pb Free and Industrial	Mar. 03, 2006	Preliminary
0.3	1. Change Max of clock cycle time	Mar. 03, 2006	Preliminary
0.4	1. Change DC Characteristics, Pin Capacitance and Thermal Resistance	Apr. 25 2006.	Preliminary
0.5	1. Correct errors	May. 03 2006	Preliminary
0.6	1. Change Samsung JEDEC Code in ID REGISTER DEFINITION	Jun. 05, 2006	Preliminary
1.0	1. Correct typo	Aug. 21, 2006	Final
1.1	1. Change programmable impedance output buffer operation 2. Add AC Timing Characteristics	Jan. 30, 2007	Final
1.2	1. Add AC/DC parameter 450MHz	Mar. 16, 2007	Final
1.3	1. Delete AC/DC parameter 450MHz	Aug. 27, 2007	Final

**K7S3236T4C
K7S3218T4C**

1Mx36 & 2Mx18 QDR™ II+ b4 SRAM

1Mx36-bit, 2Mx18-bit QDR™ II+ b4 SRAM

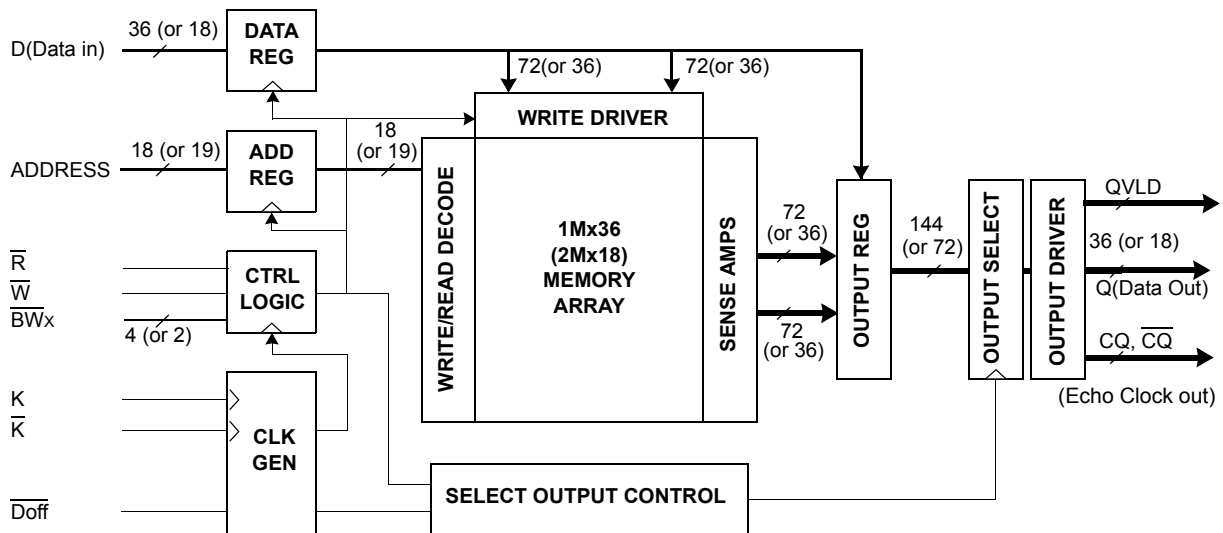
FEATURES

- 1.8V+0.1V/-0.1V Power Supply.
- DLL circuitry for wide output data valid window and future frequency scaling.
- I/O Supply Voltage 1.5V+0.1V/-0.1V
- Separate independent read and write data ports with concurrent read and write operation
- HSTL I/O
- Full data coherency, providing most current data .
- Synchronous pipeline read with self timed late write.
- Read latency: 2 clock cycles
- Registered address, control and data input/output.
- DDR(Double Data Rate) Interface on read and write ports.
- Fixed 4-bit burst for both read and write operation.
- Clock-stop supports to reduce current.
- Two input clocks(K and \bar{K}) for accurate DDR timing at clock rising edges only.
- Two echo clocks (CQ and \bar{CQ}) to enhance output data traceability.
- Data Valid pin(QVLD) supported
- Single address bus.
- Byte write (x18, x36) function.
- Separate read/write control pin(\bar{R} and \bar{W})
- Simple depth expansion with no data contention.
- Programmable output impedance(ZQ).
- JTAG 1149.1 compatible test access port.
- 165FBGA(11x15 ball array) with body size of 15mmx17mm.

Organization	Part Number	Cycle Time	Access Time	Unit
X36	K7S3236T4C-F(E)C(I)45	2.22	0.45	ns
	K7S3236T4C-F(E)C(I)40	2.5	0.45	ns
	K7S3236T4C-F(E)C(I)33	3.0	0.45	ns
X18	K7S3236T4C-F(E)C(I)45	2.22	0.45	ns
	K7S3218T4C-F(E)C(I)40	2.5	0.45	ns
	K7S3218T4C-F(E)C(I)33	3.0	0.45	ns

* -F(E)C(I)
F(E) [Package type] : E-Pb Free, F-Pb
C(I) [Operating Temperature] : C-Commercial, I-Industrial

FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM



Notes: 1. Numbers in () are for x18 device

QDR SRAM and Quad Data Rate comprise a new family of products developed by Cypress, Renesas, IDT, NEC and Samsung technology.



ELECTRONICS

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K7S3218T4C

1Mx36 & 2Mx18 QDR™ II+ b4 SRAM

PIN CONFIGURATIONS(TOP VIEW) K7S3236T4C (1Mx36)

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
A	$\overline{\text{CQ}}$	NC/SA*	NC/SA*	$\overline{\text{W}}$	$\overline{\text{BW}}_2$	$\overline{\text{K}}$	$\overline{\text{BW}}_1$	$\overline{\text{R}}$	SA	NC/SA*	CQ
B	Q27	Q18	D18	SA	$\overline{\text{BW}}_3$	K	$\overline{\text{BW}}_0$	SA	D17	Q17	Q8
C	D27	Q28	D19	Vss	SA	NC	SA	Vss	D16	Q7	D8
D	D28	D20	Q19	Vss	Vss	Vss	Vss	Vss	Q16	D15	D7
E	Q29	D29	Q20	VDDQ	Vss	Vss	Vss	VDDQ	Q15	D6	Q6
F	Q30	Q21	D21	VDDQ	VDD	Vss	VDD	VDDQ	D14	Q14	Q5
G	D30	D22	Q22	VDDQ	VDD	Vss	VDD	VDDQ	Q13	D13	D5
H	$\overline{\text{Doff}}$	VREF	VDDQ	VDDQ	VDD	Vss	VDD	VDDQ	VDDQ	VREF	ZQ
J	D31	Q31	D23	VDDQ	VDD	Vss	VDD	VDDQ	D12	Q4	D4
K	Q32	D32	Q23	VDDQ	VDD	Vss	VDD	VDDQ	Q12	D3	Q3
L	Q33	Q24	D24	VDDQ	Vss	Vss	Vss	VDDQ	D11	Q11	Q2
M	D33	Q34	D25	Vss	Vss	Vss	Vss	Vss	D10	Q1	D2
N	D34	D26	Q25	Vss	SA	SA	SA	Vss	Q10	D9	D1
P	Q35	D35	Q26	SA	SA	QVLD	SA	SA	Q9	D0	Q0
R	TDO	TCK	SA	SA	SA	NC	SA	SA	SA	TMS	TDI

Notes : 1. * Checked No Connect(NC) pins are reserved for higher density address, i.e. 3A for 72Mb, 10A for 144Mb and 2A for 288Mb.
2. $\overline{\text{BW}}_0$ controls write to D0:D8, $\overline{\text{BW}}_1$ controls write to D9:D17, $\overline{\text{BW}}_2$ controls write to D18:D26 and $\overline{\text{BW}}_3$ controls write to D27:D35.

PIN NAME

SYMBOL	PIN NUMBERS	DESCRIPTION	NOTE
K, $\overline{\text{K}}$	6B, 6A	Input Clock	
QVLD	6P	Q Valid output	
CQ, $\overline{\text{CQ}}$	11A, 1A	Output Echo Clock	
$\overline{\text{Doff}}$	1H	DLL Disable	
SA	9A,4B,8B,5C,7C,5N-7N,4P,5P,7P,8P,3R-5R,7R-9R	Address Inputs	
D0-35	10P,11N,11M,10K,11J,11G,10E,11D,11C,10N,9M,9L 9J,10G,9F,10D,9C,9B,3B,3C,2D,3F,2G,3J,3L,3M,2N 1C,1D,2E,1G,1J,2K,1M,1N,2P	Data Inputs	
Q0-35	11P,10M,11L,11K,10J,11F,11E,10C,11B,9P,9N,10L 9K,9G,10F,9E,9D,10B,2B,3D,3E,2F,3G,3K,2L,3N 3P,1B,2C,1E,1F,2J,1K,1L,2M,1P	Data Outputs	
$\overline{\text{W}}$	4A	Write Control Pin,active when low	
$\overline{\text{R}}$	8A	Read Control Pin,active when low	
$\overline{\text{BW}}_0, \overline{\text{BW}}_1, \overline{\text{BW}}_2, \overline{\text{BW}}_3$	7B,7A,5A,5B	Block Write Control Pin,active when low	
VREF	2H,10H	Input Reference Voltage	
ZQ	11H	Output Driver Impedance Control Input	1
VDD	5F,7F,5G,7G,5H,7H,5J,7J,5K,7K	Power Supply (1.8 V)	
VDDQ	4E,8E,4F,8F,4G,8G,3H,4H,8H,9H,4J,8J,4K,8K,4L,8L	Output Power Supply (1.5V)	
Vss	4C,8C,4D-8D,5E-7E,6F,6G,6H,6J,6K,5L-7L,4M,8M,4N,8N	Ground	
TMS	10R	JTAG Test Mode Select	
TDI	11R	JTAG Test Data Input	
TCK	2R	JTAG Test Clock	
TDO	1R	JTAG Test Data Output	
NC	2A,3A,10A,6C,6R	No Connect	2

Notes:

1. When ZQ pin is directly connected to VDD output impedance is set to minimum value and it cannot be connected to ground or left unconnected.
2. Not connected to chip pad internally.
3. K, $\overline{\text{K}}$ can not be set to VREF voltage.

K7S3236T4C
K7S3218T4C

1Mx36 & 2Mx18 QDR™ II+ b4 SRAM

PIN CONFIGURATIONS(TOP VIEW) K7S3218T4C (2Mx18)

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
A	\overline{CQ}	NC/SA*	SA	\overline{W}	\overline{BW}_1	\overline{K}	NC	\overline{R}	SA	NC/SA*	CQ
B	NC	Q9	D9	SA	NC	K	\overline{BW}_0	SA	NC	NC	Q8
C	NC	NC	D10	Vss	SA	NC	SA	Vss	NC	Q7	D8
D	NC	D11	Q10	Vss	Vss	Vss	Vss	Vss	NC	NC	D7
E	NC	NC	Q11	VDDQ	Vss	Vss	Vss	VDDQ	NC	D6	Q6
F	NC	Q12	D12	VDDQ	VDD	Vss	VDD	VDDQ	NC	NC	Q5
G	NC	D13	Q13	VDDQ	VDD	Vss	VDD	VDDQ	NC	NC	D5
H	\overline{Doff}	VREF	VDDQ	VDDQ	VDD	Vss	VDD	VDDQ	VDDQ	VREF	ZQ
J	NC	NC	D14	VDDQ	VDD	Vss	VDD	VDDQ	NC	Q4	D4
K	NC	NC	Q14	VDDQ	VDD	Vss	VDD	VDDQ	NC	D3	Q3
L	NC	Q15	D15	VDDQ	Vss	Vss	Vss	VDDQ	NC	NC	Q2
M	NC	NC	D16	Vss	Vss	Vss	Vss	Vss	NC	Q1	D2
N	NC	D17	Q16	Vss	SA	SA	SA	Vss	NC	NC	D1
P	NC	NC	Q17	SA	SA	QVLD	SA	SA	NC	D0	Q0
R	TDO	TCK	SA	SA	SA	NC	SA	SA	SA	TMS	TDI

Notes: 1. * Checked No Connect(NC) pins are reserved for higher density address, i.e. 10A for 72Mb and 2A for 144Mb.
2. \overline{BW}_0 controls write to D0:D8 and \overline{BW}_1 controls write to D9:D17.

PIN NAME

SYMBOL	PIN NUMBERS	DESCRIPTION	NOTE
K, \overline{K}	6B, 6A	Input Clock	
QVLD	6P	Q Valid output	
CQ, \overline{CQ}	11A, 1A	Output Echo Clock	
\overline{Doff}	1H	DLL Disable	
SA	3A,9A,4B,8B,5C,7C,5N-7N,4P,5P,7P,8P,3R-5R,7R-9R	Address Inputs	
D0-17	10P,11N,11M,10K,11J,11G,10E,11D,11C,3B,3C,2D 3F,2G,3J,3L,3M,2N	Data Inputs	
Q0-17	11P,10M,11L,11K,10J,11F,11E,10C,11B,2B,3D,3E 2F,3G,3K,2L,3N,3P	Data Outputs	
\overline{W}	4A	Write Control Pin,active when low	
\overline{R}	8A	Read Control Pin,active when low	
$\overline{BW}_0, \overline{BW}_1$	7B, 5A	Block Write Control Pin,active when low	
VREF	2H,10H	Input Reference Voltage	
ZQ	11H	Output Driver Impedance Control Input	1
VDD	5F,7F,5G,7G,5H,7H,5J,7J,5K,7K	Power Supply (1.8 V)	
VDDQ	4E,8E,4F,8F,4G,8G,3H,4H,8H,9H,4J,8J,4K,8K,4L,8L	Output Power Supply (1.5V)	
Vss	4C,8C,4D-8D,5E-7E,6F,6G,6H,6J,6K,5L-7L,4M-8M,4N,8N	Ground	
TMS	10R	JTAG Test Mode Select	
TDI	11R	JTAG Test Data Input	
TCK	2R	JTAG Test Clock	
TDO	1R	JTAG Test Data Output	
NC	2A,7A,10A,1B,5B,9B,10B,1C,2C,6C,9C,1D,9D,10D,1E,2E,9E,1F 9F,10F,1G,9G,10G,1J,2J,9J,1K,2K,9K,1L,9L,10L,1M 2M,9M,1N,9N,10N,1P,2P,9P,6R	No Connect	2

Notes:
1. When ZQ pin is directly connected to VDD output impedance is set to minimum value and it cannot be connected to ground or left unconnected.
2. Not connected to chip pad internally.
3. K, \overline{K} can not be set to VREF voltage.

K7S3236T4C K7S3218T4C

1Mx36 & 2Mx18 QDR™ II+ b4 SRAM

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The K7S3236T4C and K7S3218T4C are 37,748,736-bit QDR (Quad Data Rate) Synchronous Pipelined Burst SRAMs. They are organized as 1,048,576 words by 36 bits for K7S3236T4C and 2,097,152 words by 18 bits for K7S3218T4C.

The QDR operation is possible by supporting DDR read and write operations through separate data output and input ports with the same cycle. Memory bandwidth is maximized as data can be transferred into and out of SRAM on every rising edge of \overline{K} and \overline{K} . And totally independent read and write ports eliminate the need for high speed bus turn around.

Address for read and write are latched on alternate rising edges of the input clock \overline{K} . Data inputs, data output, and all control signals are synchronized to the input clock (\overline{K} or \overline{K}). Read data are referenced to echo clock (\overline{CQ} or \overline{CQ}) outputs. Common address bus is used to access address both for read and write operations. The internal burst counter is fixed to 4-bit sequential for both read and write operations, requiring two full clock bus cycles. Any request that attempts to interrupt a burst operation in progress is ignored. Synchronous pipeline read and late write enable high speed operations. Simple depth expansion is accomplished by using \overline{R} and \overline{W} for port selection. Byte write operation is supported with \overline{BW}_0 and \overline{BW}_1 (\overline{BW}_2 and \overline{BW}_3) pins.

IEEE 1149.1 serial boundary scan (JTAG) simplifies monitoring package pads attachment status with system.

The K7S3236T4C and K7S3218T4C are implemented with SAMSUNG's high performance 6T CMOS technology and is available in 165pin FBGA packages. Multiple power and ground pins minimize ground bounce.

Read Operations

Read cycles are initiated by activating \overline{R} at the rising edge of the positive input clock \overline{K} . Address is presented and stored in the read address register synchronized with \overline{K} clock. For 4-bit burst DDR operation, it will access four 36-bit or 18-bit data words with each read command.

The first pipelined data is transferred out of the device triggered by \overline{K} clock rising edge. Next burst data is triggered by the rising edge of following \overline{K} clock rising edge. The process continues until all four data are transferred. Continuous read operations are initiated with \overline{K} clock rising edge. And pipelined data are transferred out of device on every rising edge of both \overline{K} and \overline{K} clocks. Initial read data latency is 2 clock cycles when DLL is on.

When the \overline{R} is disabled after a read operation, the K7S3236T4C and K7S3218T4C will first complete burst read operation before entering into deselect mode at the next \overline{K} clock rising edge. Then output drivers disabled automatically to high impedance state.

Write Operations

Write cycles are initiated by activating \overline{W} at the rising edge of the positive input clock \overline{K} . Address is presented and stored in the write address register synchronized with \overline{K} clock. For 4-bit burst DDR operation, it will write four 36-bit or 18-bit data words with each write command.

The first "late" data is transferred and registered in to the device synchronous with next \overline{K} clock rising edge. Next burst data is transferred and registered synchronous with following \overline{K} clock rising edge. The process continues until all four data are transferred and registered. Continuous write operations are initiated with \overline{K} rising edge. And "late written" data is presented to the device on every rising edge of both \overline{K} and \overline{K} clocks.

The device disregards input data presented on the same cycle \overline{W} disabled. When the \overline{W} is disabled after a write operation, the K7S3236T4C and K7S3218T4C will first complete burst write operation before entering into deselect mode at the next \overline{K} clock rising edge.

The K7S3236T4C and K7S3218T4C support byte write operations. With activating \overline{BW}_0 or \overline{BW}_1 (\overline{BW}_2 or \overline{BW}_3) in write cycle, only one byte of input data is presented. In K7S3218T4C, \overline{BW}_0 controls write operation to D0:D8, \overline{BW}_1 controls write operation to D9:D17. And in K7S3236T4C, \overline{BW}_2 controls write operation to D18:D26, \overline{BW}_3 controls write operation to D27:D35.

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Depth Expansion

Separate input and output ports enables easy depth expansion. Each port can be selected and deselected independently and read and write operation do not affect each other. Before chip deselected, all read and write pending operations are completed.

Programmable Impedance Output Buffer Operation

The designer can program the SRAM's output buffer impedance by terminating the ZQ pin to Vss through a precision resistor(RQ). The allowable range of RQ is between 175Ω and 350Ω. The value of RQ (within 15% tolerance) is five times the output impedance desired. For example, 250Ω resistor will give an output impedance of 50Ω.

Impedance updates occur early in cycles that do not activate the outputs, such as deselect cycles. In all cases impedance updates are transparent to the user and do not produce access time "push-outs" or other anomalous behavior in the SRAM. To guarantee optimum output driver impedance after power up, the SRAM needs 1024 non-read cycles.

Output Valid Pin (QVLD)

The Q Valid indicates valid output data. QVLD is activated half cycle before the read data for the receiver to be ready for capturing the data. QVLD is edge aligned with CQ and \overline{CQ} .

Echo clock operation

To assure the output traceability, the SRAM provides the output Echo clock, pair of compliment clock CQ and \overline{CQ} , which are synchronized with internal data output. Echo clocks run free during normal operation.

The Echo clock is triggered by internal output clock signal, and transferred to external through same structures as output driver.

Power-Up/Power-Down Supply Voltage Sequencing

The following power-up supply voltage application is recommended: Vss, VDD, VDDQ, VREF, then VIN. VDD and VDDQ can be applied simultaneously, as long as VDDQ does not exceed VDD by more than 0.5V during power-up. The following power-down supply voltage removal sequence is recommended: VIN, VREF, VDDQ, VDD, Vss. VDD and VDDQ can be removed simultaneously, as long as VDDQ does not exceed VDD by more than 0.5V during power-down.

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Detail Specification of Power-Up Sequence in QDRII+ SRAM

QDRII+ SRAMs must be powered up and initialized in a predefined manner to prevent undefined operations.

• Power-Up Sequence

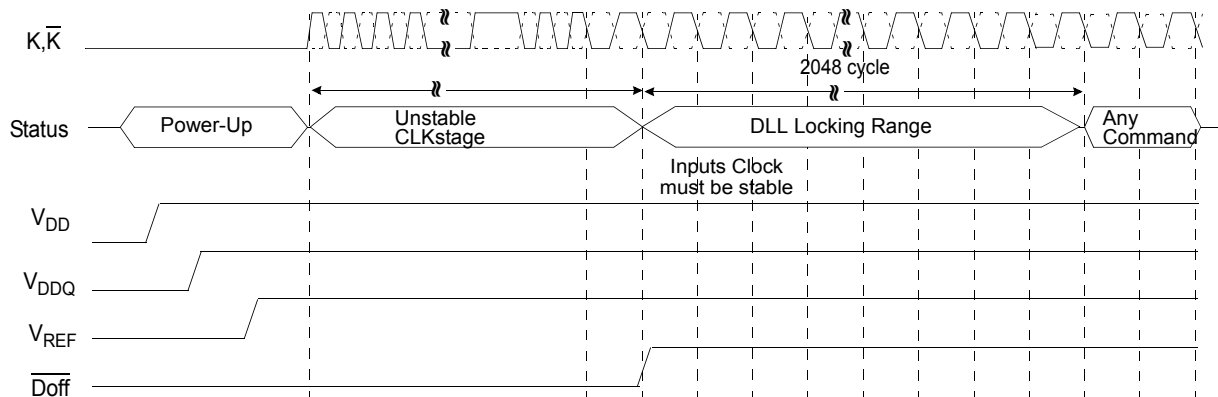
1. Apply power and keep $\overline{\text{Doff}}$ at low state (All other inputs may be undefined)
 - Apply VDD before VDDQ
 - Apply VDDQ before VREF or the same time with VREF
2. Just after the stable power and clock(K, $\overline{\text{K}}$), take $\overline{\text{Doff}}$ to be high.
3. The additional 2048 cycles of clock input is required to lock the DLL after enabling DLL

* **Notes:** If you want to tie up the $\overline{\text{Doff}}$ pin to High with unstable clock, then you must stop the clock for a few seconds (Min. 30ns) to reset the DLL after it become a stable clock status.

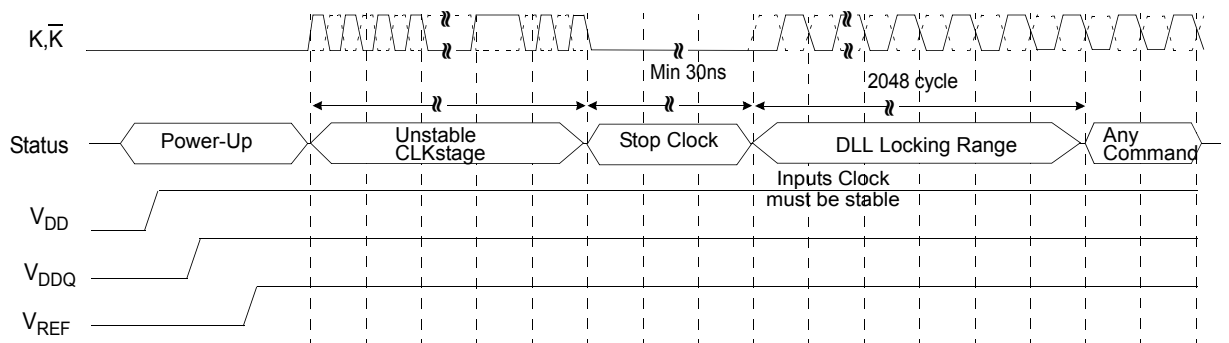
• DLL Constraints

1. DLL uses either K clock as its synchronizing input, the input should have low phase jitter which is specified as TK var.
2. The lower end of the frequency at which the DLL can operate is 120MHz.
3. If the incoming clock is unstable and the DLL is enabled, then the DLL may lock onto a wrong frequency and this may cause the failure in the initial stage.

Power up & Initialization Sequence ($\overline{\text{Doff}}$ pin controlled)



Power up & Initialization Sequence ($\overline{\text{Doff}}$ pin Fixed high, Clock controlled)



* **Notes:** When the operating frequency is changed, DLL reset should be required again.
After DLL reset again, the minimum 2048 cycles of clock input is needed to lock the DLL.

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TRUTH TABLES

SYNCHRONOUS TRUTH TABLE

K	\bar{R}	\bar{W}	D				Q				OPERATION
			D(A1)	D(A2)	D(A3)	D(A4)	Q(A1)	Q(A2)	Q(A3)	Q(A4)	
Stopped	X	X	Previous state	Previous state	Previous state	Previous state	Previous state	Previous state	Previous state	Previous state	Clock Stop
↑	H	H	X	X	X	X	High-Z	High-Z	High-Z	High-Z	No Operation
↑	L ⁴	X	X	X	X	X	Q _{OUT} at K(t+2)	Q _{OUT} at $\bar{K}(t+2)$	Q _{OUT} at K(t+3)	Q _{OUT} at $\bar{K}(t+3)$	Read
↑	H ⁵	L ⁴	D _{in} at K(t+1)	D _{in} at $\bar{K}(t+1)$	D _{in} at K(t+2)	D _{in} at $\bar{K}(t+2)$	X	X	X	X	Write

Notes: 1. X means "Don't Care".

- The rising edge of clock is symbolized by (↑).
- Before enter into clock stop status, all pending read and write operations will be completed.
- This signal was HIGH on previous K clock rising edge. Initiating consecutive READ or WRITE operations on consecutive K clock rising edges is not permitted. The device will ignore the second request.
- If this signal was LOW to initiate the previous cycle, this signal becomes a don't care for this operation however it is strongly recommended that this signal is brought HIGH as shown in the truth table.

WRITE TRUTH TABLE_(x18)

K	\bar{K}	\bar{BW}_0	\bar{BW}_1	OPERATION
↑		L	L	WRITE ALL BYTES (K↑)
	↑	L	L	WRITE ALL BYTES (\bar{K} ↑)
↑		L	H	WRITE BYTE 0 (K↑)
	↑	L	H	WRITE BYTE 0 (\bar{K} ↑)
↑		H	L	WRITE BYTE 1 (K↑)
	↑	H	L	WRITE BYTE 1 (\bar{K} ↑)
↑		H	H	WRITE NOTHING (K↑)
	↑	H	H	WRITE NOTHING (\bar{K} ↑)

Notes: 1. X means "Don't Care".

- All inputs in this table must meet setup and hold time around the rising edge of input clock K or \bar{K} (↑).
- Assumes a WRITE cycle was initiated.

WRITE TRUTH TABLE_(x36)

K	\bar{K}	\bar{BW}_0	\bar{BW}_1	\bar{BW}_2	\bar{BW}_3	OPERATION
↑		L	L	L	L	WRITE ALL BYTES (K↑)
	↑	L	L	L	L	WRITE ALL BYTES (\bar{K} ↑)
↑		L	H	H	H	WRITE BYTE 0 (K↑)
	↑	L	H	H	H	WRITE BYTE 0 (\bar{K} ↑)
↑		H	L	H	H	WRITE BYTE 1 (K↑)
	↑	H	L	H	H	WRITE BYTE 1 (\bar{K} ↑)
↑		H	H	L	L	WRITE BYTE 2 and BYTE 3 (K↑)
	↑	H	H	L	L	WRITE BYTE 2 and BYTE 3 (\bar{K} ↑)
↑		H	H	H	H	WRITE NOTHING (K↑)
	↑	H	H	H	H	WRITE NOTHING (\bar{K} ↑)

Notes: 1. X means "Don't Care".

- All inputs in this table must meet setup and hold time around the rising edge of input clock K or \bar{K} (↑).
- Assumes a WRITE cycle was initiated.

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ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

PARAMETER		SYMBOL	RATING	UNIT
Voltage on V _{DD} Supply Relative to V _{SS}		V _{DD}	-0.5 to 2.9	V
Voltage on V _{DDQ} Supply Relative to V _{SS}		V _{DDQ}	-0.5 to V _{DD}	V
Voltage on Input Pin Relative to V _{SS}		V _{IN}	-0.5 to V _{DD} +0.3	V
Storage Temperature		T _{STG}	-65 to 150	°C
Operating Temperature	Commercial / Industrial	T _{OPR}	0 to 70 / -40 to 85	°C
Storage Temperature Range Under Bias		T _{BIAS}	-10 to 85	°C

Note: 1. Stresses greater than those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operating sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect reliability.

OPERATING CONDITIONS (0°C ≤ T_A ≤ 70°C)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Supply Voltage	V _{DD}	1.7	1.8	1.9	V
	V _{DDQ}	1.4	1.5	1.6	V
Reference Voltage	V _{REF}	0.7	0.75	0.8	V
Input Low Voltage(DC) ^{2,3}	V _{IL(DC)}	-0.3	-	V _{REF} - 0.1	V
Input High Voltage(DC) ^{2,4}	V _{IH(DC)}	V _{REF} + 0.1	-	V _{DDQ} + 0.3	V
Input Low Voltage(AC) ^{6,7}	V _{IL(AC)}	-	-	V _{REF} - 0.2	V
Input High Voltage(AC) ^{6,7}	V _{IH(AC)}	V _{REF} + 0.2	-	-	V

Note: 1. V_{DDQ} must not exceed V_{DD} during normal operation.

2. These are DC test criteria. DC design criteria is V_{REF}±50mV. The AC V_{IH}/V_{IL} levels are defined separately for measuring timing parameters.
3. V_{IL} (Min)DC=-0.3V, V_{IL} (Min)AC=-1.5V(pulse width ≤ 3ns).
4. V_{IH} (Max)DC=V_{DDQ}+0.3V, V_{IH} (Max)AC=V_{DDQ}+0.85V(pulse width ≤ 3ns).
5. Overshoot : V_{IH} (AC) ≤ V_{DDQ}+0.5V for t ≤ 50% t_{KHKH}(MIN).
Undershoot: V_{IL} (AC) ≤ V_{SS}-0.5V for t ≤ 50% t_{KHKH}(MIN).
6. This condition is for AC function test only, not for AC parameter test.
7. To maintain a valid level, the transiting edge of the input must:
 - a) Sustain a constant slew rate from the current AC level through the target AC level, V_{IL(AC)} or V_{IH(AC)}
 - b) Reach at least the target AC level
 - c) After the AC target level is reached, continue to maintain at least the target DC level, V_{IL(DC)} or V_{IH(DC)}

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DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (V_{DD}=1.8V ±0.1V, T_A=0°C to +70°C)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	MAX	UNIT	NOTES	
Input Leakage Current	I _{IL}	V _{DD} =Max ; V _{IN} =V _{SS} to V _{DDQ}	-2	+2	μA		
Output Leakage Current	I _{OL}	Output Disabled,	-2	+2	μA		
Operating Current (x36): QDR	I _{CC}	V _{DD} =Max , I _{OUT} =0mA Cycle Time ≥ t _{KHKH} Min	-40	-	950	mA	1,4
			-33	-	850		
Operating Current (x18): QDR	I _{CC}	V _{DD} =Max , I _{OUT} =0mA Cycle Time ≥ t _{KHKH} Min	-40	-	850	mA	1,4
			-33	-	750		
Standby Current(NOP): QDR	I _{SB1}	Device deselected, I _{OUT} =0mA, f=Max, All Inputs ≤ 0.2V or ≥ V _{DD} -0.2V	-40	-	350	mA	1,5
			-33	-	300		
Output High Voltage	V _{OH1}		V _{DDQ} /2-0.12	V _{DDQ} /2+0.12	V	2,6	
Output Low Voltage	V _{OL1}		V _{DDQ} /2-0.12	V _{DDQ} /2+0.12	V	2,6	
Output High Voltage	V _{OH2}	I _{OH} =-1.0mA	V _{DDQ} -0.2	V _{DDQ}	V	3	
Output Low Voltage	V _{OL2}	I _{OL} =1.0mA	V _{SS}	0.2	V	3	

- Notes:** 1. Minimum cycle. I_{OUT}=0mA.
 2. |I_{OH}|=(V_{DDQ}/2)/(R_Q/5)±15% for 175Ω ≤ R_Q ≤ 350Ω. |I_{OL}|=(V_{DDQ}/2)/(R_Q/5)±15% for 175Ω ≤ R_Q ≤ 350Ω.
 3. Minimum Impedance Mode when Z_Q pin is connected to V_{DD}.
 4. Operating current is calculated with 50% read cycles and 50% write cycles.
 5. Standby Current is only after all pending read and write burst operations are completed.
 6. Programmable Impedance Mode.

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AC TIMING CHARACTERISTICS ($V_{DD}=1.8V\pm 0.1V$, $T_A=0^{\circ}C$ to $+70^{\circ}C$)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	-40		-33		UNIT	NOTE
		MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX		
Clock							
Clock Cycle Time (K, \bar{K})	t _{KHKH}	2.5	8.4	3.0	8.4	ns	
Clock Phase Jitter (K, \bar{K})	t _{K var}		0.20		0.20	ns	4
Clock High Time (K, \bar{K})	t _{KHKL}	0.4		0.4		ns	
Clock Low Time (K, \bar{K})	t _{KLKH}	0.4		0.4		ns	
Clock to $\bar{C}lock$ ($K\uparrow \rightarrow \bar{K}\uparrow$)	t _{KH\bar{K}H}	1.06		1.3		ns	
DLL Lock Time (K)	t _{K lock}	2048		2048		cycle	5
K Static to DLL reset	t _{K reset}	30		30		ns	
Output Times							
K, \bar{K} High to Output Valid	t _{KHQV}		0.45		0.45	ns	
K, \bar{K} High to Output Hold	t _{KHQX}	-0.45		-0.45		ns	
K, \bar{K} High to Echo Clock Valid	t _{KHCQV}		0.45		0.45	ns	
K, \bar{K} High to Echo Clock Hold	t _{KHCQX}	-0.45		-0.45		ns	
CQ, $\bar{C}Q$ High to Output Valid	t _{CQHQV}		0.2		0.2	ns	
CQ, $\bar{C}Q$ High to Output Hold	t _{CQHQX}	-0.2		-0.2		ns	
CQ High to $\bar{C}Q$ High	t _{CQH\bar{C}QH}	0.86		1.1		ns	6
K, \bar{K} High to Output High-Z	t _{KHZ}		0.45		0.45	ns	
K, \bar{K} High to Output Low-Z	t _{KLZ}	-0.45		-0.45		ns	
CQ, $\bar{C}Q$ High to QVLD Valid	t _{QVLD}	-0.2	0.2	-0.2	0.2	ns	
Setup Times							
Address valid to K rising edge	t _{AVKH}	0.40		0.40		ns	
Control inputs valid to K rising edge	t _{IVKH}	0.40		0.40		ns	2
Data-in valid to K, \bar{K} rising edge	t _{DVKH}	0.28		0.28		ns	
Hold Times							
K rising edge to address hold	t _{KHAX}	0.40		0.40		ns	
K rising edge to control inputs hold	t _{KHIX}	0.40		0.40		ns	
K, \bar{K} rising edge to data-in hold	t _{KHDX}	0.28		0.28		ns	

- Notes:**
- All address inputs must meet the specified setup and hold times for all latching clock edges.
 - Control singles are R, W.
However BWx does not apply to this parameters. BWx signals obey the data setup and hold times.
 - To avoid bus contention, at a given voltage and temperature t_{KLZ} is bigger than t_{KHZ}.
The specs as shown do not imply bus contention because t_{KLZ} is a MIN parameter that is worst case at totally different test conditions (0°C, 1.9V) than t_{KHZ}, which is a MAX parameter (worst case at 70°C, 1.7V).
It is not possible for two SRAMs on the same board to be at such different voltage and temperature.
 - Clock phase jitter is the variance from clock rising edge to the next expected clock rising edge.
 - V_{dd} slew rate must be less than 0.1V DC per 50 ns for DLL lock retention. DLL lock time begins once V_{dd} and input clock are stable.
 - This parameter is extrapolated from the input timing parameters (t_{KH \bar{K} H} - 200ps where 200ps is the internal jitter.) This parameter is only guaranteed by design and not tested in production.

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THERMAL RESISTANCE

PRMETER	SYMBOL	TYP	Unit	NOTES
Junction to Ambient	θ_{JA}	20.8	°C/W	
Junction to Case	θ_{JC}	2.3	°C/W	
Junction to Pins	θ_{JB}	4.3	°C/W	

Note: Junction temperature is a function of on-chip power dissipation, package thermal impedance, mounting site temperature and mounting site thermal impedance. $T_J = T_A + P_D \times \theta_{JA}$

PIN CAPACITANCE

PRMETER	SYMBOL	TESTCONDITION	TYP	MAX	Unit	NOTES
Address Control Input Capacitance	C _{IN}	V _{IN} =0V	3.5	4	pF	
Input and Output Capacitance	C _{OUT}	V _{OUT} =0V	4	5	pF	
Clock Capacitance	C _{CLK}	-	3	4	pF	

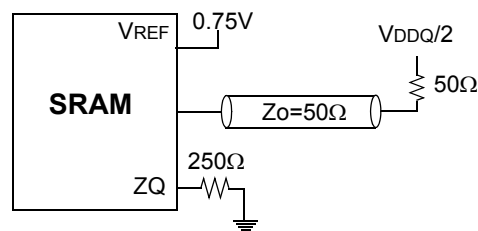
Note: 1. Parameters are tested with R_Q=250Ω and V_{DDQ}=1.5V.
2. Periodically sampled and not 100% tested.

AC TEST CONDITIONS

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Core Power Supply Voltage	V _{DD}	1.7~1.9	V
Output Power Supply Voltage	V _{DDQ}	1.4~1.6	V
Input High/Low Level	V _{IH} /V _{IL}	1.25/0.25	V
Input Reference Level	V _{REF}	0.75	V
Input Rise/Fall Time	T _R /T _F	0.3/0.3	ns
Output Timing Reference Level		V _{DDQ} /2	V

Note: Parameters are tested with R_Q=250Ω

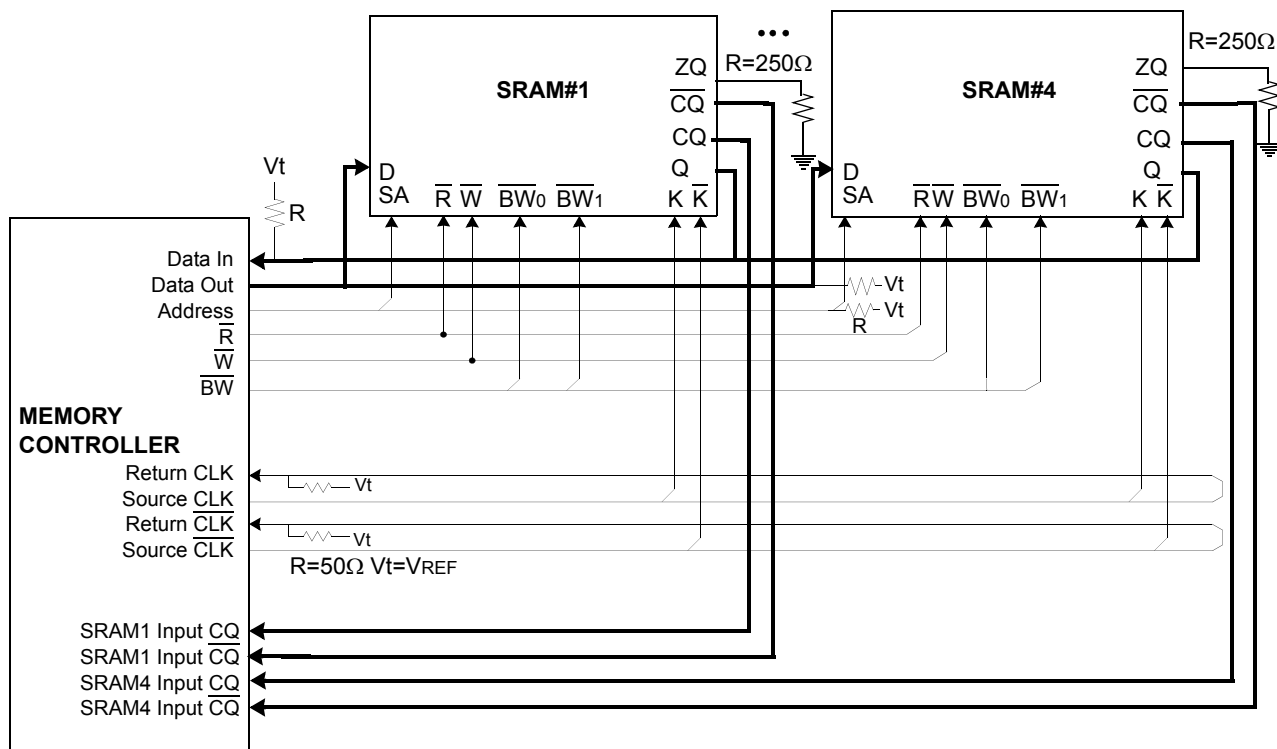
AC TEST OUTPUT LOAD



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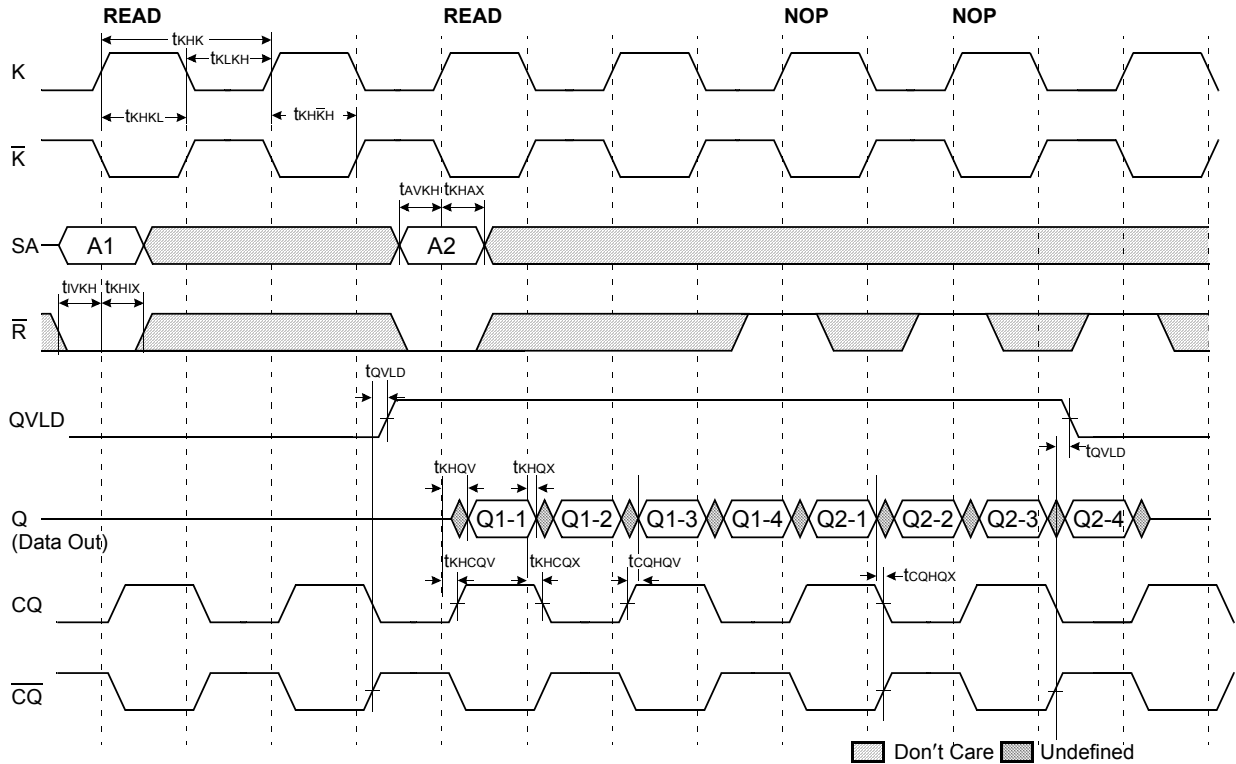
APPLICATION INFORMATION



**K7S3236T4C
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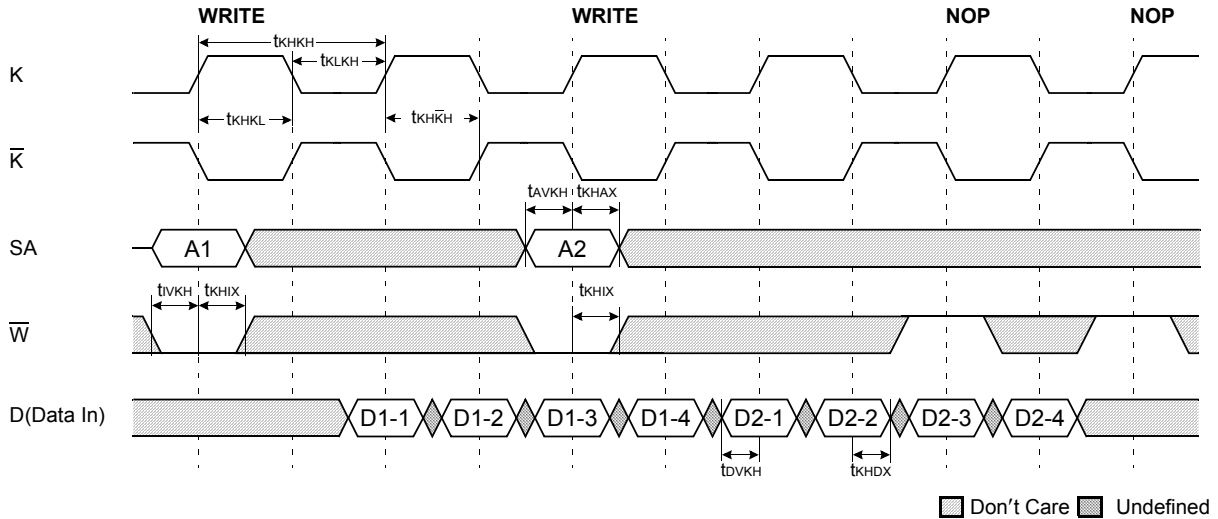
1Mx36 & 2Mx18 QDR™ II+ b4 SRAM

TIMING WAVE FORMS OF READ AND NOP



- Note:** 1. Q1-1 refers to output from address A1+0, Q1-2 refers to output from address A1+1 i.e. the next internal burst address following A1+0.
2. Outputs are disabled one cycle after a NOP.

TIMING WAVE FORMS OF WRITE AND NOP

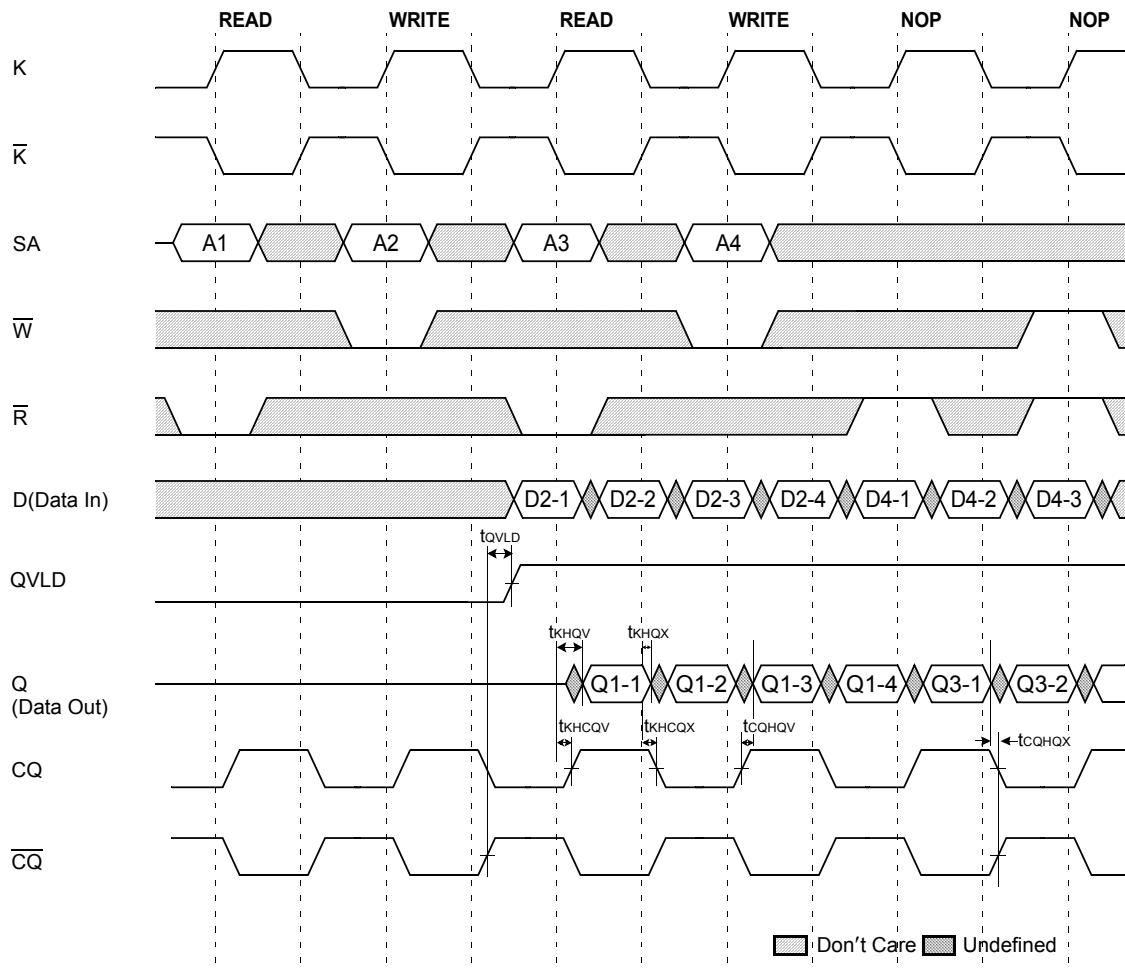


- Note:** 1. D1-1 refers to input to address A1+0, D1-2 refers to input to address A1+1, i.e. the next internal burst address following A1+0.
2. BWx assumed active.

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1Mx36 & 2Mx18 QDR™ II+ b4 SRAM

TIMING WAVE FORMS OF READ, WRITE AND NOP



Note: 1. If address A3=A2, data Q3-1=D2-1, data Q3-2=D2-2, data Q3-3=D2-3, data Q3-4=D2-4
Write data is forwarded immediately as read results.
2. \bar{W} assumed active.

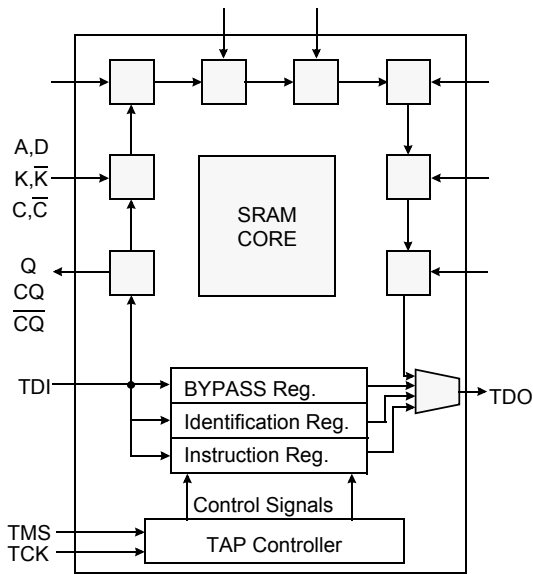
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1Mx36 & 2Mx18 QDR™ II+ b4 SRAM

IEEE 1149.1 TEST ACCESS PORT AND BOUNDARY SCAN-JTAG

This part contains an IEEE standard 1149.1 Compatible Test Access Port(TAP). The package pads are monitored by the Serial Scan circuitry when in test mode. This is to support connectivity testing during manufacturing and system diagnostics. Internal data is not driven out of the SRAM under JTAG control. In conformance with IEEE 1149.1, the SRAM contains a TAP controller, Instruction Register, Bypass Register and ID register. The TAP controller has a standard 16-state machine that resets internally upon power-up, therefore, TRST signal is not required. It is possible to use this device without utilizing the TAP. To disable the TAP controller without interfacing with normal operation of the SRAM, TCK must be tied to Vss to preclude mid level input. TMS and TDI are designed so an undriven input will produce a response identical to the application of a logic 1, and may be left unconnected. But they may also be tied to VDD through a resistor. TDO should be left unconnected.

JTAG Block Diagram



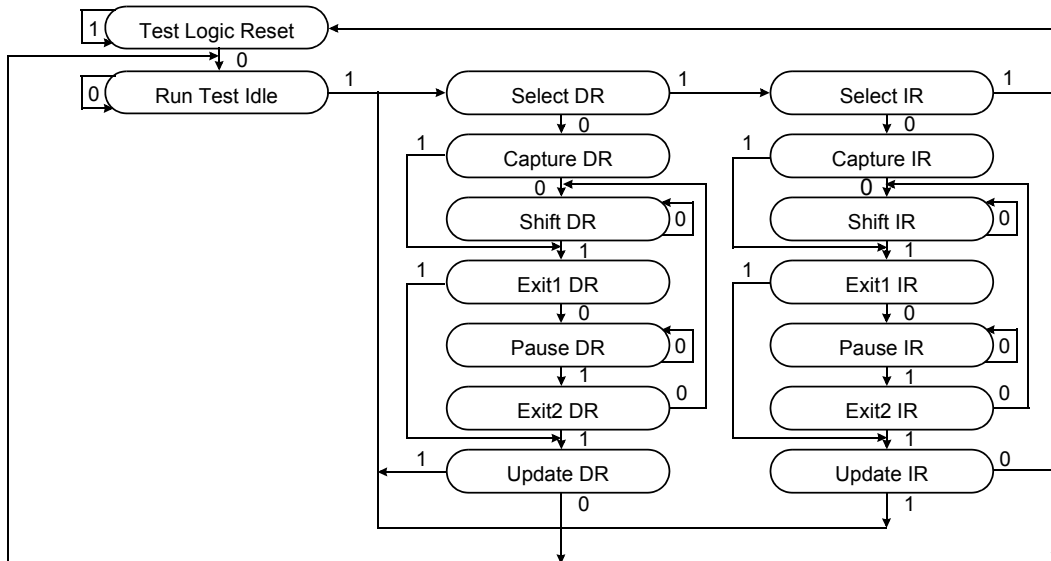
JTAG Instruction Coding

IR2	IR1	IR0	Instruction	TDO Output	Notes
0	0	0	EXTEST	Boundary Scan Register	1
0	0	1	IDCODE	Identification Register	3
0	1	0	SAMPLE-Z	Boundary Scan Register	2
0	1	1	RESERVED	Do Not Use	6
1	0	0	SAMPLE	Boundary Scan Register	5
1	0	1	RESERVED	Do Not Use	6
1	1	0	RESERVED	Do Not Use	6
1	1	1	BYPASS	Bypass Register	4

NOTE:

1. Places DQs in Hi-Z in order to sample all input data regardless of other SRAM inputs. This instruction is not IEEE 1149.1 compliant.
2. Places DQs in Hi-Z in order to sample all input data regardless of other SRAM inputs.
3. TDI is sampled as an input to the first ID register to allow for the serial shift of the external TDI data.
4. Bypass register is initiated to Vss when BYPASS instruction is invoked. The Bypass Register also holds serially loaded TDI when exiting the Shift DR states.
5. SAMPLE instruction dose not places DQs in Hi-Z.
6. This instruction is reserved for future use.

TAP Controller State Diagram



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SCAN REGISTER DEFINITION

Part	Instruction Register	Bypass Register	ID Register	Boundary Scan
1Mx36	3 bits	1 bit	32 bits	109 bits
2Mx18	3 bits	1 bit	32 bits	109 bits

ID REGISTER DEFINITION

Part	Revision Number (31:29)	Part Configuration (28:12)	Samsung JEDEC Code (11: 1)	Start Bit(0)
1Mx36	000	00def0wx0t0q0b0s0	00011001110	1
2Mx18	000	00def0wx0t0q0b0s0	00011001110	1

Note : Part Configuration

/def=010 for 36Mb, /wx=11 for x36, 10 for x18

/t=1 for DLL Ver., 0 for non-DLL Ver. /q=1 for QDR, 0 for DDR /b=1 for 4Bit Burst, 0 for 2Bit Burst /s=1 for Separate I/O, 0 for Common I/O

BOUNDARY SCAN EXIT ORDER

ORDER	PIN ID
1	6R
2	6P
3	6N
4	7P
5	7N
6	7R
7	8R
8	8P
9	9R
10	11P
11	10P
12	10N
13	9P
14	10M
15	11N
16	9M
17	9N
18	11L
19	11M
20	9L
21	10L
22	11K
23	10K
24	9J
25	9K
26	10J
27	11J
28	11H
29	10G
30	9G
31	11F
32	11G
33	9F
34	10F
35	11E
36	10E

ORDER	PIN ID
37	10D
38	9E
39	10C
40	11D
41	9C
42	9D
43	11B
44	11C
45	9B
46	10B
47	11A
48	10A
49	9A
50	8B
51	7C
52	6C
53	8A
54	7A
55	7B
56	6B
57	6A
58	5B
59	5A
60	4A
61	5C
62	4B
63	3A
64	2A
65	1A
66	2B
67	3B
68	1C
69	1B
70	3D
71	3C
72	1D

ORDER	PIN ID
73	2C
74	3E
75	2D
76	2E
77	1E
78	2F
79	3F
80	1G
81	1F
82	3G
83	2G
84	1H
85	1J
86	2J
87	3K
88	3J
89	2K
90	1K
91	2L
92	3L
93	1M
94	1L
95	3N
96	3M
97	1N
98	2M
99	3P
100	2N
101	2P
102	1P
103	3R
104	4R
105	4P
106	5P
107	5N
108	5R
109	Internal

Note: 1. NC pins are read as "X" (i.e. don't care.)

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JTAG DC OPERATING CONDITIONS

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Note
Power Supply Voltage	VDD	1.7	1.8	1.9	V	
Input High Level	V _{IH}	1.3	-	V _{DD} +0.3	V	
Input Low Level	V _{IL}	-0.3	-	0.5	V	
Output High Voltage(I _{OH} =-2mA)	V _{OH}	1.4	-	V _{DD}	V	
Output Low Voltage(I _{OL} =2mA)	V _{OL}	V _{SS}	-	0.4	V	

Note: 1. The input level of SRAM pin is to follow the SRAM DC specification.

JTAG AC TEST CONDITIONS

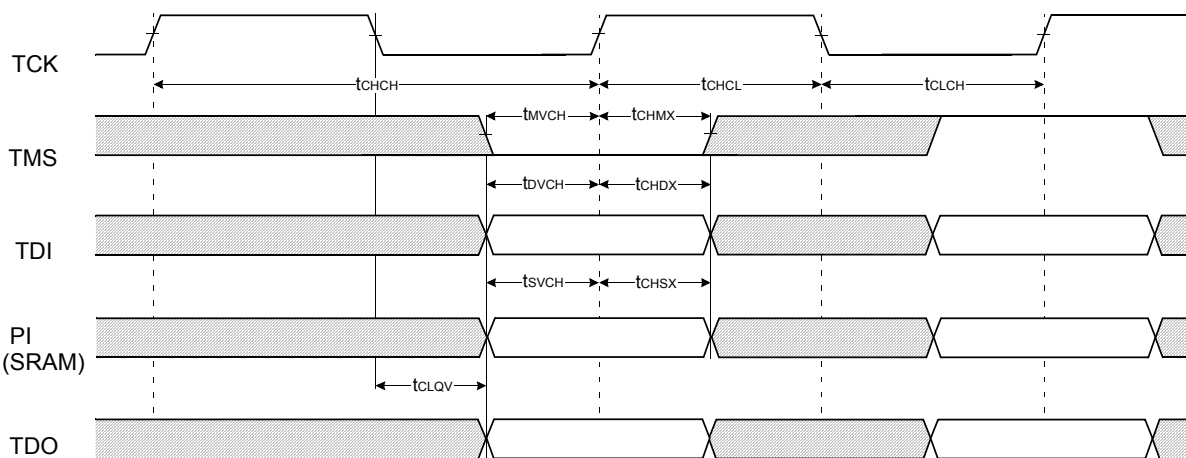
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Unit	Note
Input High/Low Level	V _{IH} /V _{IL}	1.8/0.0	V	
Input Rise/Fall Time	TR/TF	1.0/1.0	ns	
Input and Output Timing Reference Level		0.9	V	1

Note: 1. See SRAM AC test output load.

JTAG AC Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Note
TCK Cycle Time	t _{CHCH}	50	-	ns	
TCK High Pulse Width	t _{CHCL}	20	-	ns	
TCK Low Pulse Width	t _{CLCH}	20	-	ns	
TMS Input Setup Time	t _{MVCH}	5	-	ns	
TMS Input Hold Time	t _{CHMX}	5	-	ns	
TDI Input Setup Time	t _{DVCH}	5	-	ns	
TDI Input Hold Time	t _{CHDX}	5	-	ns	
SRAM Input Setup Time	t _{SVCH}	5	-	ns	
SRAM Input Hold Time	t _{CHSX}	5	-	ns	
Clock Low to Output Valid	t _{CLQV}	0	10	ns	

JTAG TIMING DIAGRAM

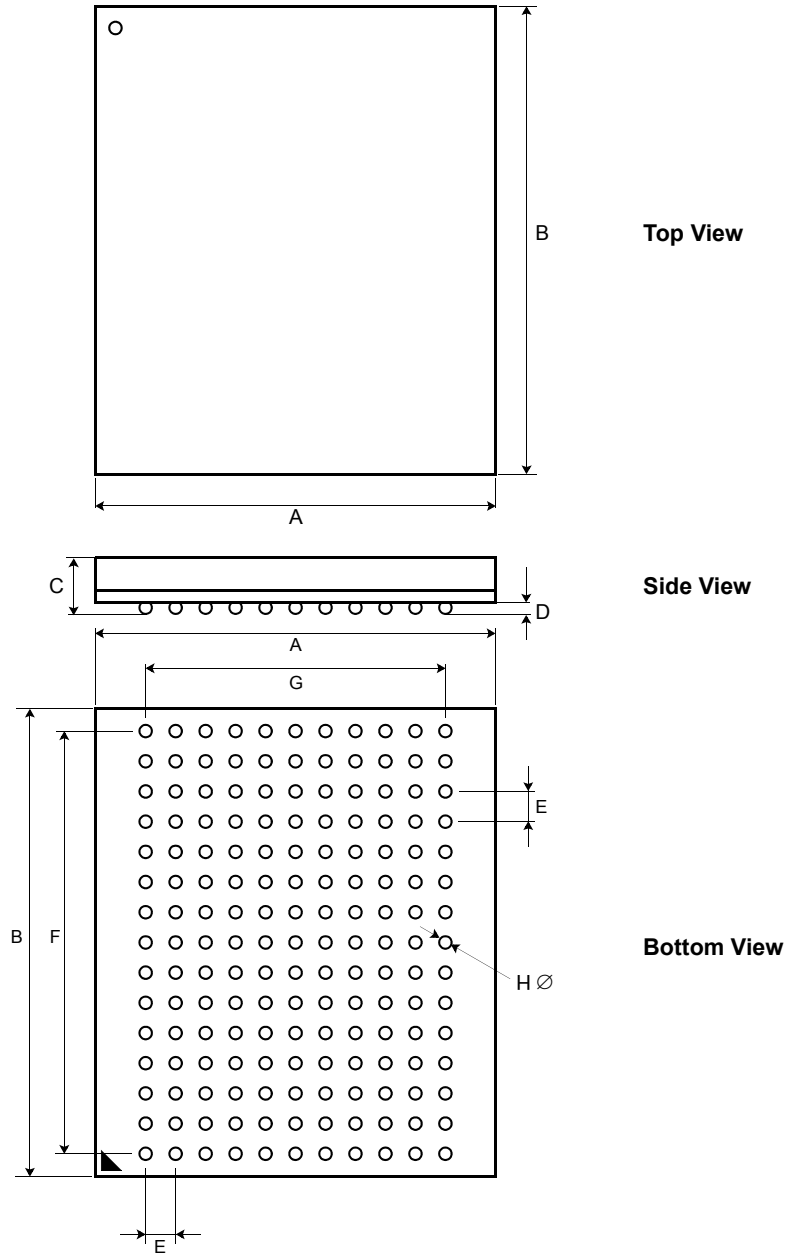


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1Mx36 & 2Mx18 QDR™ II+ b4 SRAM

165 FBGA PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

15mm x 17mm Body, 1.0mm Bump Pitch, 11x15 Ball Array



Symbol	Value	Units	Note	Symbol	Value	Units	Note
A	15 ± 0.1	mm		E	1.0	mm	
B	17 ± 0.1	mm		F	14.0	mm	
C	1.3 ± 0.1	mm		G	10.0	mm	
D	0.35 ± 0.05	mm		H	0.5 ± 0.05	mm	