

超低功耗、轨至轨输出、负电源轨输入、VFB 运算放大器

 查询样品: [OPA835](#), [OPA2835](#)

特性

- 超低功耗
 - 源电压: **2.5V 至 5.5V**
 - 静态电流: **1mA**
 - **Power Down Mode: 0.5µA**
- 带宽: **69MHz**
- 转换速率: **160V/µs**
- 上升时间: **10ns (2V_{STEP})**
- 稳定时间: **45ns (2V_{STEP})**
- 过驱动恢复时间: **195ns**
- **SNR**: 在 **1kHz (1V_{RMS})** 时为 **0.00015%** (**-116.5dBc**)
- **THD**: 在 **1kHz (1V_{RMS})** 时为 **0.00003%** (**-130dBc**)
- **HD₂ / HD₃**: 在 **1MHz (2Vpp)** 时为 **-70dBc / -73dBc**
- 输入电压噪声: **9.3nV/√Hz (f = 100kHz)**
- 输入失调电压: **100µV** (最大值为 **500µV**)
- **CMRR: 116dB**
- 输出驱动电流: **40mA**
- **RRO**——轨至轨输出
- 输入电压范围: **-0.2V 至 3.9V** (**5V 电源**)
- 工作温度范围: **-40°C 至 +125°C**

应用

- 低功耗信号调节
- 音频 **ADC** 输入缓冲器
- 低功耗 **SAR** 及 $\Delta\Sigma$ **ADC** 驱动器
- 便携式系统
- 低功耗系统
- 高密度系统

说明

OPA835 和 OPA2835 采用业界领先的 BiCom-3x (SiGe 互补双极型) 工艺制造, 是单通道和双通道超低功耗、轨至轨输出、负轨输入、电压反馈运算放大器, 专为在 2.5V 至 5.5V 的单电源电压范围和 $\pm 1.25V$ 至 $\pm 2.75V$ 的双电源电压范围内运作而设计。这些放大器每个通道的电流消耗仅为 250µA, 并具有 70MHz 的单位增益带宽, 从而为轨至轨放大器设定了一个居业界领先水平的功耗-性能比。

对于将功耗作为关键性的重要指标的电池供电型便携式应用而言, OPA835 和 OPA2835 的低功耗及高频性能为设计人员提供了采用其他器件所无法获得的性能/功耗比。再加上可将电流减小至 <1µA 的节能模式, 这些器件为电池供电型应用中的高频放大器提供了一款极具吸引力的解决方案。

OPA835 和 OPA2835 提供了下列封装选项:

- OPA835 单通道器件: SOT23-6 (DBV), 和具有集成型增益电阻器的 10 引脚 RUN。
- OPA2835 双通道器件: SOIC-8 (D)、MSOP-10 (DGS) 和 10 引脚 RUN。

OPA835 RUN 封装选项包括断电 (<1µA) 和集成型增益设定电阻器, 以在印刷电路板上占用尽可能小的面积 ($\approx 2\text{mm} \times 2\text{mm}$)。通过在 PCB 上增设电路走线, 可以实现 +1、-1、+2、-3、+4、-4、+5、-7、+8 和若干其他非整数值的增益以及衰减。片上电阻器的阻值被精确地修整至 1% 绝对值容差以内, 因而可使用外部电阻器以实现更大的灵活性。

该器件针对 -40°C 至 125°C 扩展工业温度范围内的运作进行了特性分析。



Please be aware that an important notice concerning availability, standard warranty, and use in critical applications of Texas Instruments semiconductor products and disclaimers thereto appears at the end of this data sheet.

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This integrated circuit can be damaged by ESD. Texas Instruments recommends that all integrated circuits be handled with appropriate precautions. Failure to observe proper handling and installation procedures can cause damage.

ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because very small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet its published specifications.

PACKAGING/ORDERING INFORMATION⁽¹⁾

| PRODUCT | CHANNEL COUNT | PACKAGE – LEAD | PACKAGE DESIGNATOR | SPECIFIED TEMPERATURE RANGE | PACKAGE MARKING | ORDERING NUMBER | TRANSPORT MEDIA, QUANTITY |
|---------|---------------|----------------|--------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|---------------------------|
| OPA835 | 1 | SOT23-6 | DBV | –40°C to 125°C | QUM | OPA835IDBVT | TAPE and REEL, 250 |
| OPA835 | 1 | SOT23-6 | DBV | –40°C to 125°C | QUM | OPA835IDBVR | TAPE and REEL, 3000 |
| OPA835 | 1 | RUN-10 | RUN | –40°C to 125°C | TBD | OPA835IRUNT | TAPE and REEL, 250 |
| OPA835 | 1 | RUN-10 | RUN | –40°C to 125°C | TBD | OPA835IRUNR | TAPE and REEL, 2500 |
| OPA2835 | 2 | SOIC-8 | D | –40°C to 125°C | TBD | OPA2835IDT | TAPE and REEL, 250 |
| OPA2835 | 2 | SOIC-8 | D | –40°C to 125°C | TBD | OPA2835IDR | TAPE and REEL, 2500 |
| OPA2835 | 2 | MSOP-10 | D | –40°C to 125°C | TBD | OPA2835IDGST | TAPE and REEL, 250 |
| OPA2835 | 2 | MSOP-10 | D | –40°C to 125°C | TBD | OPA2835IDGSR | TAPE and REEL, 2500 |
| OPA2835 | 2 | RUN-10 | RUN | –40°C to 125°C | TBD | OPA2835IRUNT | TAPE and REEL, 250 |
| OPA2835 | 2 | RUN-10 | RUN | –40°C to 125°C | TBD | OPA2835IRUNR | TAPE and REEL, 2500 |

(1) For the most current package and ordering information, see the Package Option Addendum at the end of this document, or see the TI web site at www.ti.com.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

| | | UNITS |
|----------------------|--|---|
| V_{S-} to V_{S+} | Supply voltage | 5.5 |
| V_I | Input voltage | $\pm V_S$ |
| V_{ID} | Differential input voltage | 1 V |
| I_i | Continuous input current | 20 mA |
| I_O | Continuous output current | 100 mA |
| | Continuous power dissipation | See Thermal Characteristics Specification |
| T_J | Maximum junction temperature | 150°C |
| T_A | Operating free-air temperature range | –40°C to 125°C |
| T_{stg} | Storage temperature range | –65°C to 150°C |
| | Lead temperature 1,6 mm (1/16 inch) from case for 10 seconds | 300°C |
| ESD ratings | HBM | 2 kV |
| | CDM | 1 kV |
| | MM | 200 V |

THERMAL INFORMATION

| THERMAL METRIC ⁽¹⁾ | OPA835 | OPA835 | OPA2835 | OPA2835 | OPA2835 | UNITS |
|---|---------------|---------|------------|---------------|--------------|-------|
| | SOT23-6 (DBV) | RUN-10 | SOIC-8 (D) | MSOP-10 (DGS) | RUN-10 (DGS) | |
| | 6 PINS | 10 PINS | 8 PINS | 10 PINS | 10 PINS | |
| θ_{JA} Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance | 194 | | | | | °C/W |
| θ_{JcTop} Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance | 129.2 | | | | | |
| θ_{JB} Junction-to-board thermal resistance | 39.4 | | | | | |
| ψ_{JT} Junction-to-top characterization parameter | 25.6 | | | | | |
| ψ_{JB} Junction-to-board characterization parameter | 38.9 | | | | | |
| θ_{JcBot} Junction-to-case (bottom) thermal resistance | n/a | | | | | |

(1) 有关传统和新的热度的更多信息，请参阅 IC 封装热量应用报告 SPRA953。

SPECIFICATIONS: $V_S = 2.7\text{ V}$

 Test conditions unless otherwise noted: $V_{S+} = +2.7\text{V}$, $V_{S-} = 0\text{V}$, $V_{OUT} = 1V_{PP}$, $R_F = 0\Omega$, $R_L = 1\text{k}\Omega$, $G = 1\text{V/V}$, Input and Output Referenced to mid-supply. $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$. Unless otherwise noted

| PARAMETER | CONDITIONS | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNITS | TEST LEVEL ⁽¹⁾ |
|--|--|--|---------|------|------------------------|---------------------------|
| AC PERFORMANCE | | | | | | |
| Small-signal bandwidth | $V_{OUT} = 50\text{ mV}_{PP}$, $G = 1$ | | 69 | | MHz | C |
| | $V_{OUT} = 100\text{ mV}_{PP}$, $G = 1$ | | 51 | | | |
| | $V_{OUT} = 100\text{ mV}_{PP}$, $G = 2$ | | 27 | | | |
| | $V_{OUT} = 100\text{ mV}_{PP}$, $G = 5$ | | 7.2 | | | |
| | $V_{OUT} = 100\text{ mV}_{PP}$, $G = 10$ | | 3 | | | |
| Gain-bandwidth product | $V_{OUT} = 100\text{ mV}_{PP}$, $G = 10$ | | 30 | | MHz | C |
| Large-signal bandwidth | $V_{OUT} = 1\text{ V}_{PP}$, $G = 1$ | | 24 | | MHz | C |
| Bandwidth for 0.1dB flatness | $V_{OUT} = 1\text{ V}_{PP}$, $G = 2$ | | 4 | | MHz | C |
| Slew rate, Rise/Fall | $V_{OUT} = 1V_{STEP}$, $G = 2$ | | 110/130 | | V/ μs | C |
| Rise/Fall time | | | 9.5/9 | | ns | C |
| Settling time to 1%, Rise/Fall | | | 35/30 | | ns | C |
| Settling time to 0.1%, Rise/Fall | | | 60/65 | | ns | C |
| Settling time to 0.01%, Rise/Fall | | | 120/90 | | ns | C |
| Overshoot/Undershoot | | | 0.5/0.2 | | % | C |
| 2 nd Order Harmonic Distortion | | $f = 10\text{ kHz}$, $V_{IN_CM} = \text{mid-supply} - 0.5\text{V}$ | | -133 | | dBc |
| | $f = 100\text{ kHz}$, $V_{IN_CM} = \text{mid-supply} - 0.5\text{V}$ | | -110 | | | |
| | $f = 1\text{ MHz}$, $V_{IN_CM} = \text{mid-supply} - 0.5\text{V}$ | | -73 | | C | |
| 3 rd Order Harmonic Distortion | $f = 10\text{ kHz}$, $V_{IN_CM} = \text{mid-supply} - 0.5\text{V}$ | | -137 | | dBc | C |
| | $f = 100\text{ kHz}$, $V_{IN_CM} = \text{mid-supply} - 0.5\text{V}$ | | -125 | | | |
| | $f = 1\text{ MHz}$, $V_{IN_CM} = \text{mid-supply} - 0.5\text{V}$ | | -78 | | | C |
| 2 nd Order Intermodulation Distortion | $f = 1\text{ MHz}$, 200 kHz Tone Spacing, V_{OUT} Envelope = $1V_{PP}$, $V_{IN_CM} = \text{mid-supply} - 0.5\text{V}$ | | -75 | | dBc | C |
| 3 rd Order Intermodulation Distortion | $V_{IN_CM} = \text{mid-supply} - 0.5\text{V}$ | | -81 | | dBc | C |
| Input voltage noise | $f = 100\text{ KHz}$ | | 9.3 | | nV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$ | C |
| Voltage Noise 1/f corner frequency | | | 650 | | Hz | C |
| Input current noise | $f = 1\text{ MHz}$ | | 0.45 | | pA/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$ | C |
| Current Noise 1/f corner frequency | | | TBD | | Hz | C |
| Overdrive recovery time, Over/Under | Overdrive = 0.5 V | | 140/125 | | ns | C |
| Closed-loop output impedance | $f = 100\text{ kHz}$ | | 0.028 | | Ω | C |
| Channel to channel crosstalk (OPA2836) | $f = 10\text{ kHz}$ | | TBD | | dB | C |

(1) Test levels (all values set by characterization and simulation): **(A)** 100% tested at 25°C ; over temperature limits by characterization and simulation. **(B)** Not tested in production; limits set by characterization and simulation. **(C)** Typical value only for information.

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SPECIFICATIONS: $V_{S+} = 2.7\text{ V}$

 Test conditions unless otherwise noted: $V_{S+} = +2.7\text{V}$, $V_{S-} = 0\text{V}$, $V_{OUT} = 1V_{PP}$, $R_F = 0\Omega$, $R_L = 1\text{k}\Omega$, $G = 1\text{V/V}$, Input and Output Referenced to mid-supply. $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$. Unless otherwise noted

| PARAMETER | CONDITIONS | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNITS | TEST LEVEL ⁽¹⁾ |
|---|--|-----------------|-----------------|----------------|------------------------------|---------------------------|
| DC PERFORMANCE | | | | | | |
| Open-loop voltage gain (A_{OL}) | | 100 | 120 | | dB | A |
| Input referred offset voltage | $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ | | ± 100 | ± 500 | μV | A |
| | $T_A = 0^\circ\text{C}$ to 70°C | | | ± 880 | | B |
| | $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to 85°C | | | ± 1040 | | |
| | $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to 125°C | | | ± 1850 | | |
| Input offset voltage drift ⁽²⁾ | $T_A = 0^\circ\text{C}$ to 70°C | | ± 1.4 | ± 8.5 | $\mu\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$ | B |
| | $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to 85°C | | ± 1.5 | ± 9 | | |
| | $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to 125°C | | ± 2.25 | ± 13.5 | | |
| Input bias current | $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ | 50 | 200 | 400 | nA | A |
| | $T_A = 0^\circ\text{C}$ to 70°C | 47 | | 410 | | B |
| | $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to 85°C | 45 | | 425 | | |
| | $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to 125°C | 45 | | 530 | | |
| Input bias current drift | $T_A = 0^\circ\text{C}$ to 70°C | | ± 0.25 | ± 1.4 | nA/ $^\circ\text{C}$ | B |
| | $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to 85°C | | ± 0.175 | ± 1.05 | | |
| | $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to 125°C | | ± 0.185 | ± 1.1 | | |
| Input offset current | $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ | | ± 13 | ± 100 | nA | A |
| | $T_A = 0^\circ\text{C}$ to 70°C | | ± 13 | ± 100 | | B |
| | $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to 85°C | | ± 13 | ± 100 | | |
| | $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to 125°C | | ± 13 | ± 100 | | |
| Input offset current drift ⁽²⁾ | $T_A = 0^\circ\text{C}$ to 70°C | | ± 0.205 | ± 1.230 | nA/ $^\circ\text{C}$ | B |
| | $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to 85°C | | ± 0.155 | ± 0.940 | | |
| | $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to 125°C | | ± 0.155 | ± 0.940 | | |
| INPUT | | | | | | |
| Common-mode input range low | $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ | | $V_{S-} - 0.2$ | V_{S-} | V | A |
| | $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to 125°C | | $V_{S-} - 0.2$ | V_{S-} | V | B |
| Common-mode input range high | $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ | $V_{S+} - 1.2$ | $V_{S+} - 1.1$ | | V | A |
| | $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to 125°C | $V_{S+} - 1.2$ | $V_{S+} - 1.1$ | | V | B |
| Common-mode rejection ratio | | 91 | 110 | | dB | A |
| Input impedance common mode | | | 200 1.2 | | k Ω pF | C |
| Input impedance differential mode | | | 200 1 | | k Ω pF | C |
| OUTPUT | | | | | | |
| Linear output voltage low | $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $G = 5$ | | $V_{S-} + 0.15$ | $V_{S-} + 0.2$ | V | A |
| | $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to 125°C , $G = 5$ | | $V_{S-} + 0.15$ | $V_{S-} + 0.2$ | V | B |
| Linear output voltage high | $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $G = 5$ | $V_{S+} - 0.25$ | $V_{S+} - 0.2$ | | V | A |
| | $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to 125°C , $G = 5$ | $V_{S+} - 0.25$ | $V_{S+} - 0.2$ | | V | B |
| Output saturation voltage, High / Low | $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $G = 5$ | | 45/13 | | mV | C |
| Linear output current drive | $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ | ± 25 | ± 35 | | mA | A |
| | $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to 125°C | ± 20 | | | | B |
| POWER SUPPLY | | | | | | |
| Specified operating voltage | | 2.5 | | 5.5 | V | B |
| Quiescent operating current | $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ | 205 | 245 | 340 | μA | A |
| | $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to 125°C | 135 | | 345 | μA | B |
| Power supply rejection ($\pm\text{PSRR}$) | | 91 | 105 | | dB | A |

- (1) Test levels (all values set by characterization and simulation): **(A)** 100% tested at 25°C ; over temperature limits by characterization and simulation. **(B)** Not tested in production; limits set by characterization and simulation. **(C)** Typical value only for information.
- (2) Input Offset Voltage Drift, Input Bias Current Drift, and Input Offset Current Drift are average values calculated by taking data at the end points, computing the difference, and dividing by the temperature range.

SPECIFICATIONS: $V_{S+} = 2.7\text{ V}$ (continued)

Test conditions unless otherwise noted: $V_{S+} = +2.7\text{V}$, $V_{S-} = 0\text{V}$, $V_{OUT} = 1V_{PP}$, $R_F = 0\Omega$, $R_L = 1\text{k}\Omega$, $G = 1\text{V/V}$, Input and Output Referenced to mid-supply. $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$. Unless otherwise noted

| PARAMETER | CONDITIONS | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNITS | TEST LEVEL ⁽¹⁾ |
|--|--|----------------|----------------|----------------|---------------|---------------------------|
| POWER DOWN (PIN MUST BE DRIVEN) | | | | | | |
| Enable voltage threshold | Specified "on" above $V_{S+} + 2.1\text{ V}$ | | $V_{S+} + 1.4$ | $V_{S+} + 2.1$ | V | A |
| Disable voltage threshold | Specified "off" below $V_{S+} + 0.7\text{ V}$ | $V_{S+} + 0.7$ | $V_{S+} + 1.4$ | | V | A |
| Powerdown pin bias current | | | 20 | 500 | nA | A |
| Powerdown quiescent current | | | 0.5 | 1.5 | μA | A |
| Turn-on time delay | Time from PD = high to $V_{OUT} = 90\%$ of final value | | 250 | | ns | C |
| Turn-off time delay | Time from PD = low to $V_{OUT} = 10\%$ of original value | | 50 | | ns | C |

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SPECIFICATIONS: $V_S = 5\text{ V}$

 Test conditions unless otherwise noted: $V_{S+} = +5\text{ V}$, $V_{S-} = 0\text{ V}$, $V_{OUT} = 2V_{PP}$, $R_F = 0\Omega$, $R_L = 2\text{ k}\Omega$, $G = 1\text{ V/V}$, Input and Output Referenced to mid-supply. $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$. Unless otherwise noted.

| PARAMETER | CONDITIONS | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNITS | TEST LEVEL ⁽¹⁾ | |
|--|---|---------------------|---------|------|------------------------|---------------------------|---|
| AC PERFORMANCE | | | | | | | |
| Small-signal bandwidth | $V_{OUT} = 50\text{ mV}_{PP}$, $G = 1$ | | 69 | | MHz | C | |
| | $V_{OUT} = 100\text{ mV}_{PP}$, $G = 1$ | | 56 | | | | |
| | $V_{OUT} = 100\text{ mV}_{PP}$, $G = 2$ | | 27 | | | | |
| | $V_{OUT} = 100\text{ mV}_{PP}$, $G = 5$ | | 7.4 | | | | |
| | $V_{OUT} = 100\text{ mV}_{PP}$, $G = 10$ | | 3.1 | | | | |
| Gain-bandwidth product | $V_{OUT} = 100\text{ mV}_{PP}$, $G = 10$ | | 31 | | MHz | C | |
| Large-signal bandwidth | $V_{OUT} = 2\text{ V}_{PP}$, $G = 1$ | | 31 | | MHz | C | |
| Bandwidth for 0.1dB flatness | $V_{OUT} = 2\text{ V}_{PP}$, $G=2$ | | 14.5 | | MHz | C | |
| Slew rate, Rise/Fall | $V_{OUT} = 2\text{ V Step}$, $G=2$ | | 160/260 | | V/ μs | C | |
| Rise/Fall time | | | 10/7 | | ns | C | |
| Settling time to 1%, Rise/Fall | | | 45/45 | | | C | |
| Settling time to 0.1%, Rise/Fall | | | 50/55 | | | C | |
| Settling time to 0.01%, Rise/Fall | | | 82/85 | | | C | |
| Overshoot/Undershoot | | | 2.5/1.5 | | | % | C |
| 2 nd Order Harmonic Distortion | | $f = 10\text{ kHz}$ | | -135 | | dBc | C |
| | $f = 100\text{ kHz}$ | | -105 | | C | | |
| | $f = 1\text{ MHz}$ | | -70 | | C | | |
| 3 rd Order Harmonic Distortion | $f = 10\text{ kHz}$ | | -139 | | dBc | C | |
| | $f = 100\text{ kHz}$ | | -122 | | | C | |
| | $f = 1\text{ MHz}$ | | -73 | | | C | |
| 2 nd Order Intermodulation Distortion | $f = 1\text{ MHz}$, 200 kHz Tone Spacing, V_{OUT} Envelope = $2V_{PP}$ | | -70 | | dBc | C | |
| 3 rd Order Intermodulation Distortion | | | -83 | | | | |
| Signal to Noise Ratio, SNR | $f = 1\text{ kHz}$, $V_{OUT} = 1\text{ V}_{RMS}$, 22kHz bandwidth | | 0.00015 | | % | C | |
| | | | -116.4 | | dBc | | |
| Total Harmonic Distortion, THD | $f = 1\text{ kHz}$, $V_{OUT} = 1\text{ V}_{RMS}$ | | 0.00003 | | % | C | |
| | | | -130 | | dBc | | |
| Input voltage noise | $f = 100\text{ KHz}$ | | 9.3 | | nV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$ | C | |
| Voltage Noise 1/f corner frequency | | | 650 | | Hz | C | |
| Input current noise | $f = 1\text{ MHz}$ | | 0.45 | | pA/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$ | C | |
| Current Noise 1/f corner frequency | | | TBD | | Hz | C | |
| Overdrive recovery time, Over/Under | Overdrive = 0.5 V | | 195/135 | | ns | C | |
| Closed-loop output impedance | $f = 100\text{ kHz}$ | | 0.028 | | Ω | C | |
| Channel to channel crosstalk (OPA2835) | $f = 10\text{ kHz}$ | | TBD | | dB | C | |

(1) Test levels (all values set by characterization and simulation): **(A)** 100% tested at 25°C; over temperature limits by characterization and simulation. **(B)** Not tested in production; limits set by characterization and simulation. **(C)** Typical value only for information.

SPECIFICATIONS: $V_S = 5\text{ V}$

 Test conditions unless otherwise noted: $V_{S+} = +5\text{V}$, $V_{S-} = 0\text{V}$, $V_O = 2V_{PP}$, $R_F = 0\Omega$, $R_L = 2\text{k}\Omega$, $G = 1\text{V/V}$, Input and Output Referenced to mid-supply. $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$. Unless otherwise noted.

| PARAMETER | CONDITIONS | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNITS | TEST LEVEL ⁽¹⁾ |
|---|--|-----------------|---------------------|----------------|------------------------------|---------------------------|
| DC PERFORMANCE | | | | | | |
| Open-loop voltage gain (A_{OL}) | | 100 | 120 | | dB | A |
| Input referred offset voltage | $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ | | ± 100 | ± 500 | μV | A |
| | $T_A = 0^\circ\text{C}$ to 70°C | | | ± 880 | | B |
| | $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to 85°C | | | ± 1040 | | |
| | $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to 125°C | | | ± 1850 | | |
| Input offset voltage drift ⁽²⁾ | $T_A = 0^\circ\text{C}$ to 70°C | | ± 1.4 | ± 8.5 | $\mu\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$ | B |
| | $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to 85°C | | ± 1.5 | ± 9 | | |
| | $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to 125°C | | ± 2.25 | ± 13.5 | | |
| Input bias current | $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ | 50 | 200 | 400 | nA | A |
| | $T_A = 0^\circ\text{C}$ to 70°C | 47 | | 410 | | B |
| | $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to 85°C | 45 | | 425 | | |
| | $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to 125°C | 45 | | 530 | | |
| Input bias current drift | $T_A = 0^\circ\text{C}$ to 70°C | | ± 0.25 | ± 1.4 | nA/ $^\circ\text{C}$ | B |
| | $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to 85°C | | ± 0.175 | ± 1.05 | | |
| | $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to 125°C | | ± 0.185 | ± 1.1 | | |
| Input offset current | $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ | | ± 13 | ± 100 | nA | A |
| | $T_A = 0^\circ\text{C}$ to 70°C | | ± 13 | ± 100 | | B |
| | $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to 85°C | | ± 13 | ± 100 | | |
| | $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to 125°C | | ± 13 | ± 100 | | |
| Input offset current drift ⁽²⁾ | $T_A = 0^\circ\text{C}$ to 70°C | | ± 0.205 | ± 1.23 | nA/ $^\circ\text{C}$ | B |
| | $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to 85°C | | ± 0.155 | ± 0.94 | | |
| | $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to 125°C | | ± 0.155 | ± 0.94 | | |
| INPUT | | | | | | |
| Common-mode input range low | $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ | | $V_{S-} - 0.2$ | V_{S-} | V | A |
| | $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to 125°C | | $V_{S-} - 0.1$ | V_{S-} | V | B |
| Common-mode input range high | $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ | $V_{S+} - 1.2$ | $V_{S+} - 1.1$ | | V | A |
| | $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to 125°C | $V_{S+} - 1.2$ | $V_{S+} - 1.1$ | | V | B |
| Common-mode rejection ratio | | 94 | 113 | | dB | A |
| Input impedance common mode | | | $200 \parallel 1.2$ | | k Ω pF | C |
| Input impedance differential mode | | | $200 \parallel 1$ | | k Ω pF | C |
| OUTPUT | | | | | | |
| Linear output voltage low | $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $G = 5$ | | $V_{S-} + 0.15$ | $V_{S-} + 0.2$ | V | A |
| | $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to 125°C , $G = 5$ | | $V_{S-} + 0.15$ | $V_{S-} + 0.2$ | V | B |
| Linear output voltage high | $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $G = 5$ | $V_{S+} - 0.25$ | $V_{S+} - 0.2$ | | V | A |
| | $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to 125°C , $G = 5$ | $V_{S+} - 0.25$ | $V_{S+} - 0.2$ | | V | B |
| Output saturation voltage, High / Low | $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $G = 5$ | | 70/25 | | mV | C |
| Linear output current drive | $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ | ± 30 | ± 40 | | mA | A |
| | $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to 125°C | ± 25 | | | | B |
| POWER SUPPLY | | | | | | |
| Specified operating voltage | | 2.5 | | 5.5 | V | B |
| Quiescent operating current | $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ | 215 | 250 | 350 | μA | A |
| | $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to 125°C | 150 | | 365 | μA | B |
| Power supply rejection ($\pm\text{PSRR}$) | | 93 | 110 | | dB | A |

- (1) Test levels (all values set by characterization and simulation): **(A)** 100% tested at 25°C ; over temperature limits by characterization and simulation. **(B)** Not tested in production; limits set by characterization and simulation. **(C)** Typical value only for information.
- (2) Input Offset Voltage Drift, Input Bias Current Drift, and Input Offset Current Drift are average values calculated by taking data at the end points, computing the difference, and dividing by the temperature range.

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SPECIFICATIONS: $V_S = 5\text{ V}$ (continued)

Test conditions unless otherwise noted: $V_{S+} = +5\text{ V}$, $V_{S-} = 0\text{ V}$, $V_O = 2V_{PP}$, $R_F = 0\Omega$, $R_L = 2\text{ k}\Omega$, $G = 1\text{ V/V}$, Input and Output Referenced to mid-supply. $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$. Unless otherwise noted.

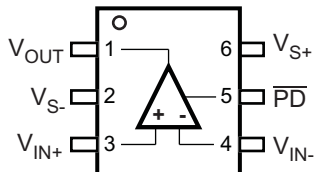
| PARAMETER | CONDITIONS | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNITS | TEST LEVEL ⁽¹⁾ |
|--|--|----------------|----------------|----------------|---------------|---------------------------|
| POWER DOWN (PIN MUST BE DRIVEN) | | | | | | |
| Enable voltage threshold | Specified "on" above 2.1 V | | $V_{S-} + 1.4$ | $V_{S-} + 2.1$ | V | A |
| Disable voltage threshold | Specified "off" below 0.7 V | $V_{S-} + 0.7$ | $V_{S-} + 1.4$ | | V | A |
| Powerdown pin bias current | | | 20 | 500 | nA | A |
| Powerdown quiescent current | | | 0.6 | 2 | μA | A |
| Turn-on time delay | Time from PD = high to $V_{OUT} = 90\%$ of final value | | 200 | | ns | C |
| Turn-off time delay | Time from PD = low to $V_{OUT} = 10\%$ of original value | | 60 | | ns | C |

PRODUCT PREVIEW

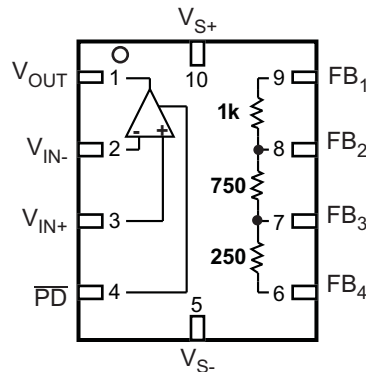
DEVICE INFORMATION

PIN CONFIGURATIONS

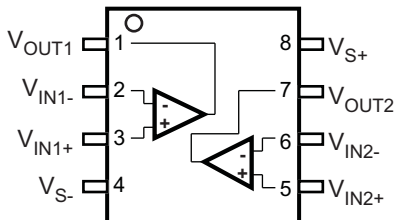
OPA835 (TOP VIEW)
SOT23-6 (DBV)



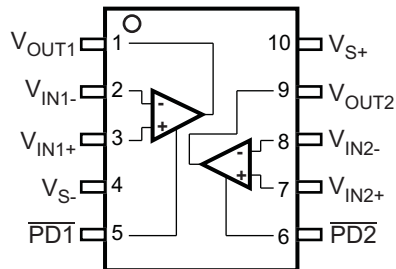
OPA835 (TOP VIEW)
RUN-10



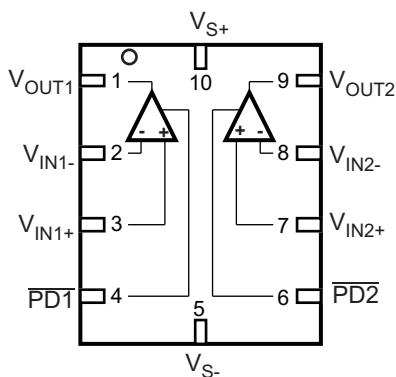
OPA2835 (TOP VIEW)
SOIC-8 (D)



OPA2835 (TOP VIEW)
MSOP-10 (DGS)



OPA2835 (TOP VIEW)
RUN-10



PRODUCT PREVIEW

PIN FUNCTIONS

| PIN | | DESCRIPTION |
|----------------------------|-------------------|---|
| NUMBER | NAME | |
| OPA835 DBV PACKAGE | | |
| 1 | V _{OUT} | Amplifier output |
| 2 | V _{S-} | Negative power supply input |
| 3 | V _{IN+} | Amplifier non-inverting input |
| 4 | V _{IN-} | Amplifier inverting input |
| 5 | PD | Amplifier Power Down, low = low power mode, high = normal operation (PIN MUST BE DRIVEN) |
| 6 | V _{S+} | Positive power supply input |
| OPA835 RUN PACKAGE | | |
| 1 | V _{OUT} | Amplifier output |
| 2 | V _{IN-} | Amplifier inverting input |
| 3 | V _{IN+} | Amplifier non-inverting input |
| 4 | PD | Amplifier Power Down, low = low power mode, high = normal operation (PIN MUST BE DRIVEN) |
| 5 | V _{S-} | Negative power supply input |
| 6 | FB ₄ | Connection to bottom of 250 Ω internal gain setting resistors |
| 7 | FB ₃ | Connection to junction of 750 and 250 Ω internal gain setting resistors |
| 8 | FB ₂ | Connection to junction of 1k and 750 Ω internal gain setting resistors |
| 9 | FB ₁ | Connection to top of 1kΩ internal gain setting resistors |
| 10 | V _{S+} | Positive power supply input |
| OPA2835 D PACKAGE | | |
| 1 | V _{OUT1} | Amplifier 1 output |
| 2 | V _{IN1-} | Amplifier 1 inverting input |
| 3 | V _{IN1+} | Amplifier 1 non-inverting input |
| 4 | V _{S-} | Negative power supply input |
| 5 | V _{IN2+} | Amplifier 2 non-inverting input |
| 6 | V _{IN2-} | Amplifier 2 inverting input |
| 7 | V _{OUT2} | Amplifier 2 output |
| 8 | V _{S+} | Positive power supply input |
| OPA2835 DSG PACKAGE | | |
| 1 | V _{OUT1} | Amplifier 1 output |
| 2 | V _{IN1-} | Amplifier 1 inverting input |
| 3 | V _{IN1+} | Amplifier 1 non-inverting input |
| 4 | V _{S-} | Negative power supply input |
| 5 | PD1 | Amplifier 1 Power Down, low = low power mode, high = normal operation (PIN MUST BE DRIVEN) |
| 6 | PD2 | Amplifier 2 Power Down, low = low power mode, high = normal operation (PIN MUST BE DRIVEN) |
| 7 | V _{IN2+} | Amplifier 2 non-inverting input |
| 8 | V _{IN2-} | Amplifier 2 inverting input |
| 9 | V _{OUT2} | Amplifier 2 output |
| 10 | V _{S+} | Positive power supply input |
| OPA2835 RUN PACKAGE | | |
| 1 | V _{OUT1} | Amplifier 1 output |
| 2 | V _{IN1-} | Amplifier 1 inverting input |
| 3 | V _{IN1+} | Amplifier 1 non-inverting input |
| 4 | PD1 | Amplifier 1 Power Down, low = low power mode, high = normal operation (PIN MUST BE DRIVEN) |
| 5 | V _{S-} | Negative power supply input |
| 6 | PD2 | Amplifier 2 Power Down, low = low power mode, high = normal operation (PIN MUST BE DRIVEN) |
| 7 | V _{IN2+} | Amplifier 2 non-inverting input |

PIN FUNCTIONS (continued)

| PIN | | DESCRIPTION |
|--------|------------|-----------------------------|
| NUMBER | NAME | |
| 8 | V_{IN2-} | Amplifier 2 inverting input |
| 9 | V_{OUT2} | Amplifier 2 output |
| 10 | V_{S+} | Positive power supply input |

PRODUCT PREVIEW

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE GRAPHS: $V_S = 2.7\text{ V}$

Test conditions unless otherwise noted: $V_{S+} = +2.7\text{ V}$, $V_{S-} = 0\text{ V}$, $V_{OUT} = 1\text{ Vpp}$, $R_F = 0\ \Omega$, $R_L = 2\text{ k}\Omega$, $G = 1\text{ V/V}$, Input and Output Referenced to mid-supply unless otherwise noted. $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$.

SMALL SIGNAL FREQUENCY RESPONSE

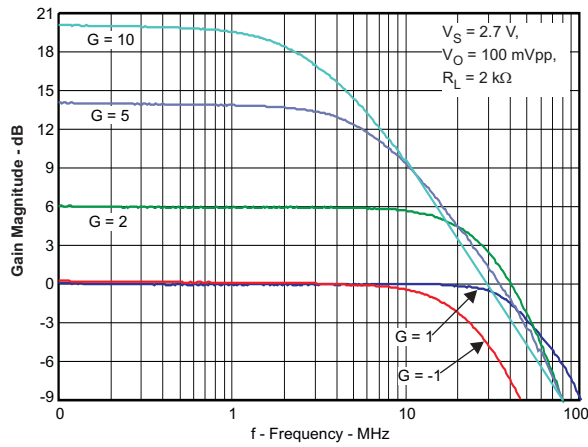


Figure 1.

LARGE SIGNAL FREQUENCY RESPONSE

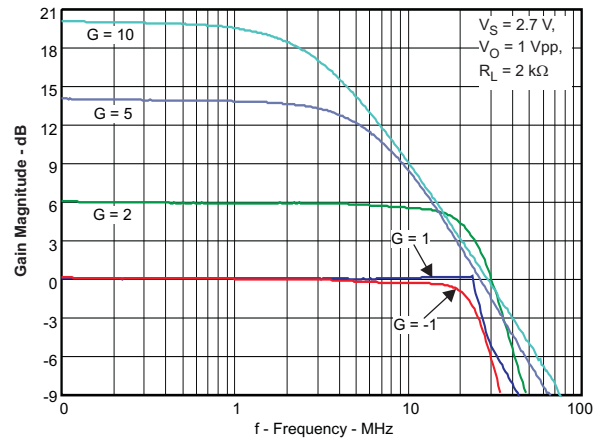


Figure 2.

FREQUENCY RESPONSE WITH CAPACITIVE LOAD

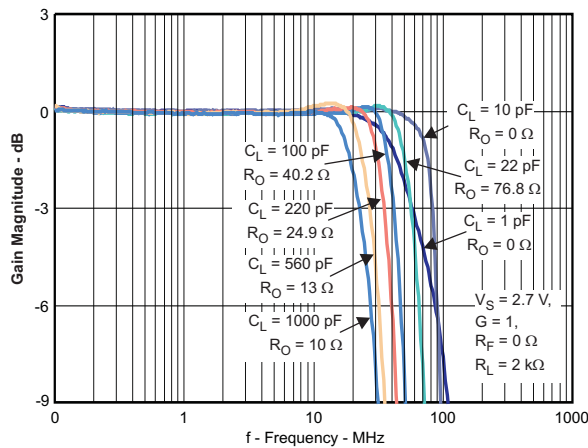


Figure 3.

SERIES OUTPUT RESISTOR vs CAPACITIVE LOAD

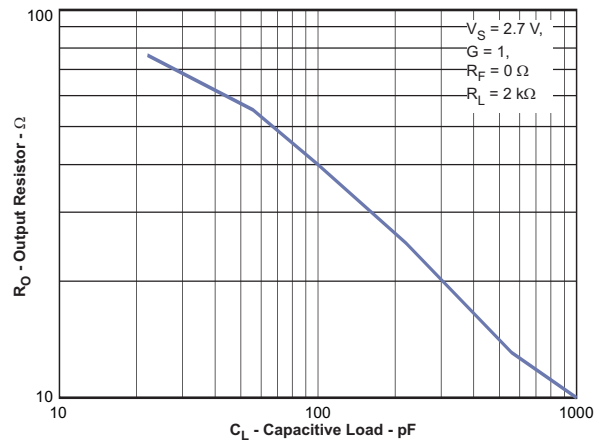


Figure 4.

PRODUCT PREVIEW

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE GRAPHS: $V_S = 2.7\text{ V}$ (continued)

Test conditions unless otherwise noted: $V_{S+} = +2.7\text{ V}$, $V_{S-} = 0\text{ V}$, $V_{OUT} = 1\text{ Vpp}$, $R_F = 0\Omega$, $R_L = 2\text{ k}\Omega$, $G = 1\text{ V/V}$, Input and Output Referenced to mid-supply unless otherwise noted. $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$.

NONINVERTING PULSE RESPONSE

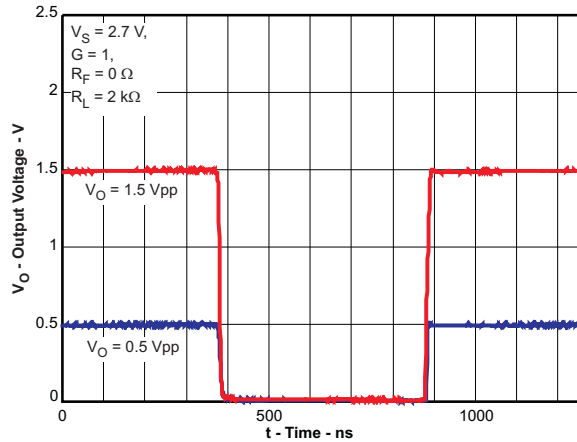


Figure 5.

INVERTING PULSE RESPONSE

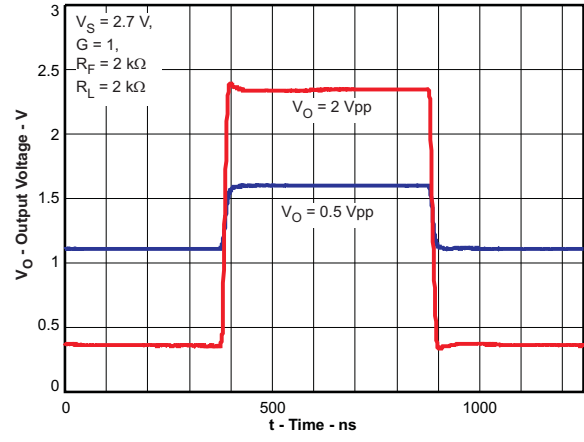


Figure 6.

OUTPUT OVERDRIVE RECOVERY

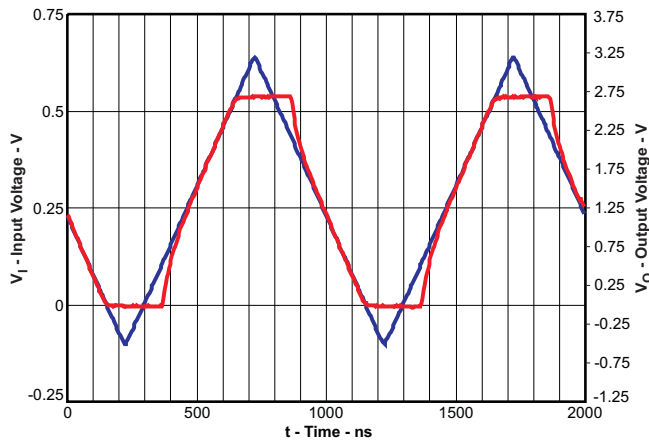


Figure 7.

**SLEW RATE
vs
OUTPUT VOLTAGE STEP**

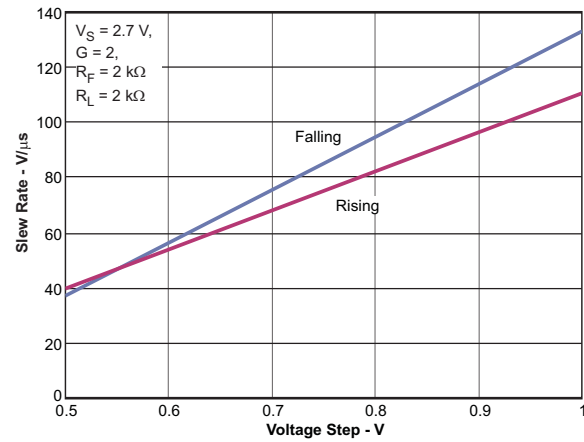


Figure 8.

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TYPICAL PERFORMANCE GRAPHS: $V_S = 2.7\text{ V}$ (continued)

Test conditions unless otherwise noted: $V_{S+} = +2.7\text{ V}$, $V_{S-} = 0\text{ V}$, $V_{OUT} = 1\text{ Vpp}$, $R_F = 0\Omega$, $R_L = 2\text{ k}\Omega$, $G = 1\text{ V/V}$, Input and Output Referenced to mid-supply unless otherwise noted. $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$.

OUTPUT VOLTAGE SWING
vs
LOAD RESISTANCE

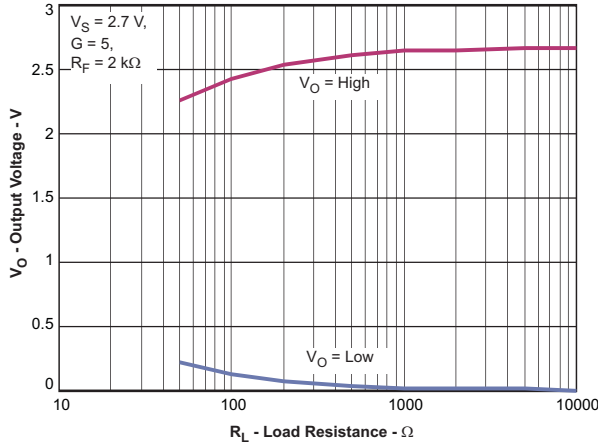


Figure 9.

OUTPUT SATURATION VOLTAGE
vs
LOAD CURRENT

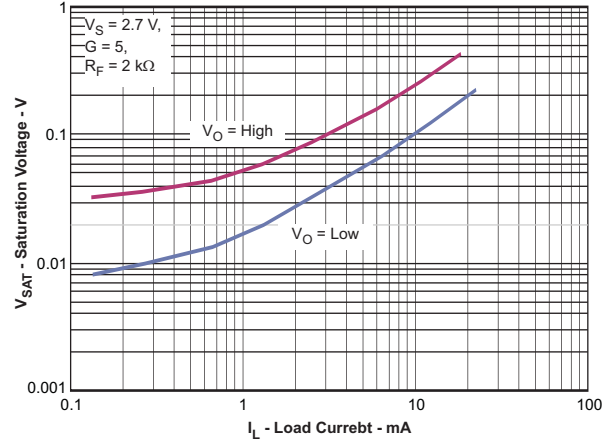


Figure 10.

OUTPUT IMPEDANCE
vs
FREQUENCY

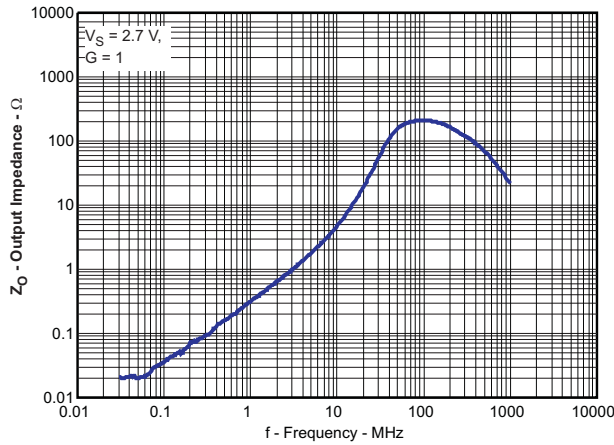


Figure 11.

POWER DOWN RESPONSE

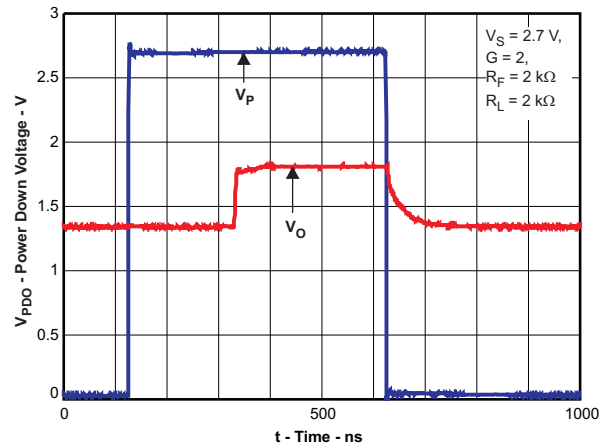


Figure 12.

PRODUCT PREVIEW

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE GRAPHS: $V_S = 5\text{ V}$

Test conditions unless otherwise noted: $V_{S+} = +5\text{V}$, $V_{S-} = 0\text{V}$, $V_{OUT} = 2\text{Vpp}$, $R_F = 0\Omega$, $R_L = 2\text{k}\Omega$, $G = 1\text{V/V}$, Input and Output Referenced to mid-supply unless otherwise noted. $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$.

SMALL SIGNAL FREQUENCY RESPONSE

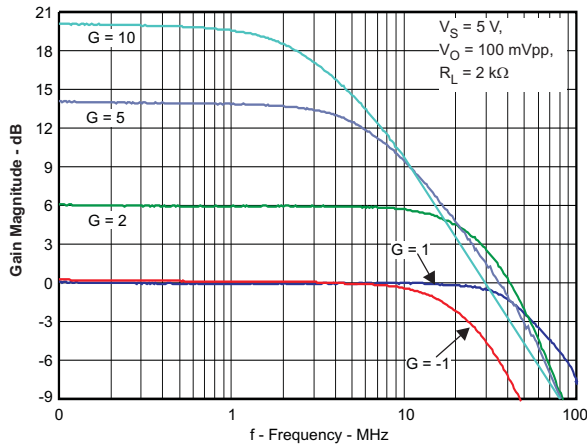


Figure 13.

LARGE SIGNAL FREQUENCY RESPONSE

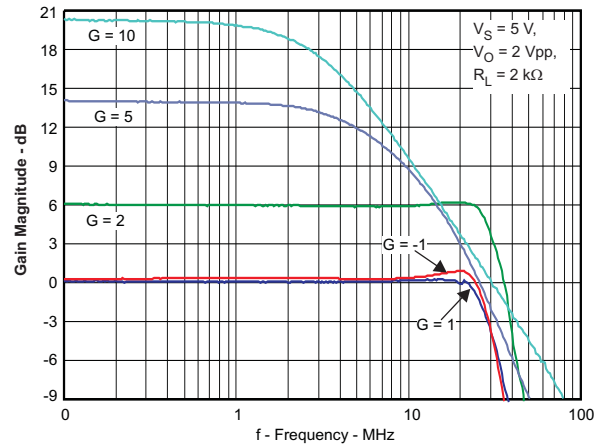


Figure 14.

FREQUENCY RESPONSE WITH CAPACITIVE LOAD

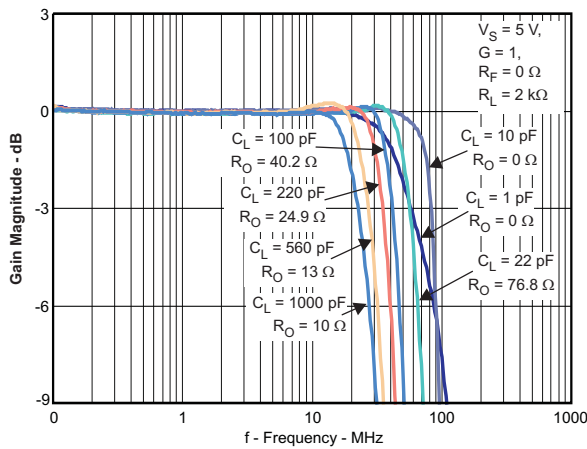


Figure 15.

SERIES OUTPUT RESISTOR vs CAPACITIVE LOAD

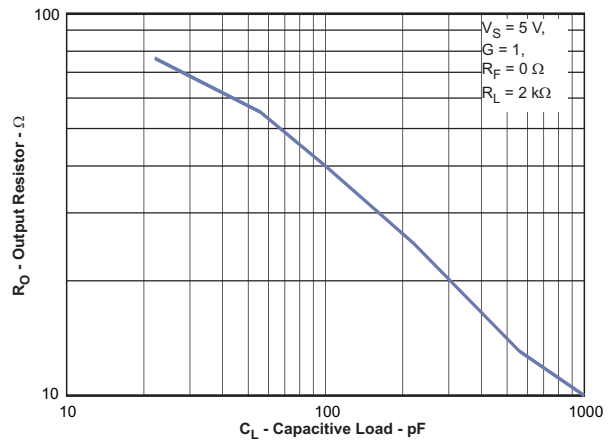


Figure 16.

PRODUCT PREVIEW

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE GRAPHS: $V_S = 5\text{ V}$ (continued)

Test conditions unless otherwise noted: $V_{S+} = +5\text{ V}$, $V_{S-} = 0\text{ V}$, $V_{OUT} = 2\text{ Vpp}$, $R_F = 0\ \Omega$, $R_L = 2\text{ k}\Omega$, $G = 1\text{ V/V}$, Input and Output Referenced to mid-supply unless otherwise noted. $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$.

NONINVERTING PULSE RESPONSE

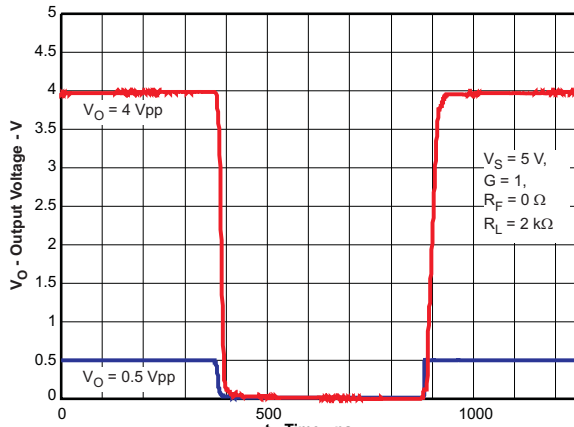


Figure 17.

INVERTING PULSE RESPONSE

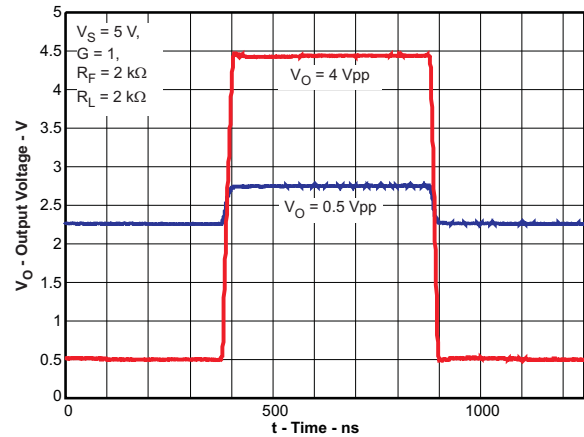


Figure 18.

OUTPUT OVERDRIVE RECOVERY

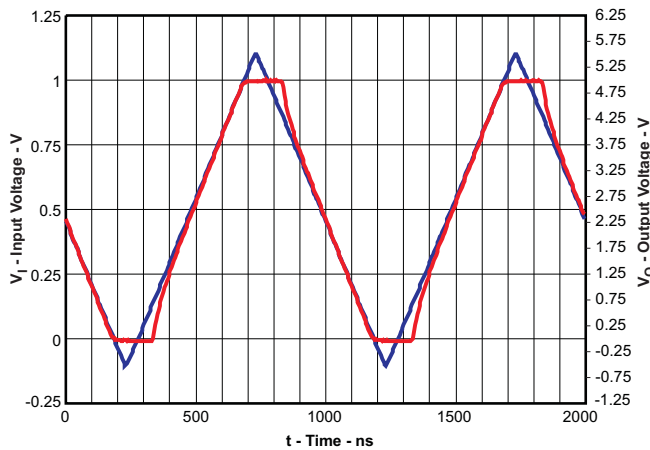


Figure 19.

SLEW RATE vs OUTPUT VOLTAGE STEP

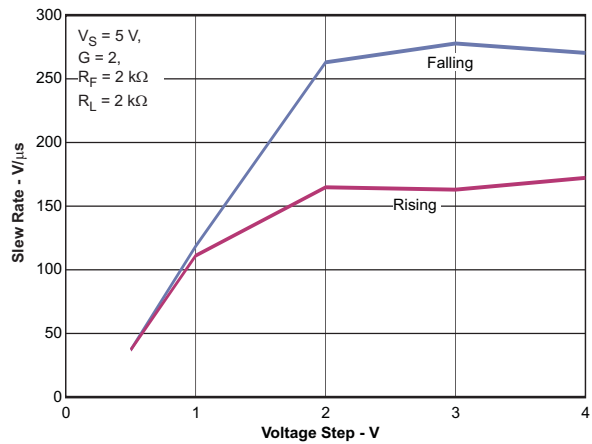


Figure 20.

PRODUCT PREVIEW

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE GRAPHS: $V_S = 5\text{ V}$ (continued)

Test conditions unless otherwise noted: $V_{S+} = +5\text{V}$, $V_{S-} = 0\text{V}$, $V_{OUT} = 2\text{Vpp}$, $R_F = 0\Omega$, $R_L = 2\text{k}\Omega$, $G = 1\text{V/V}$, Input and Output Referenced to mid-supply unless otherwise noted. $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$.

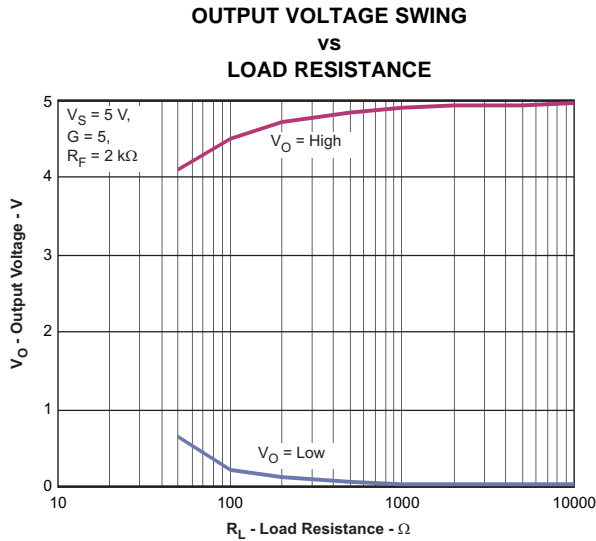


Figure 21.

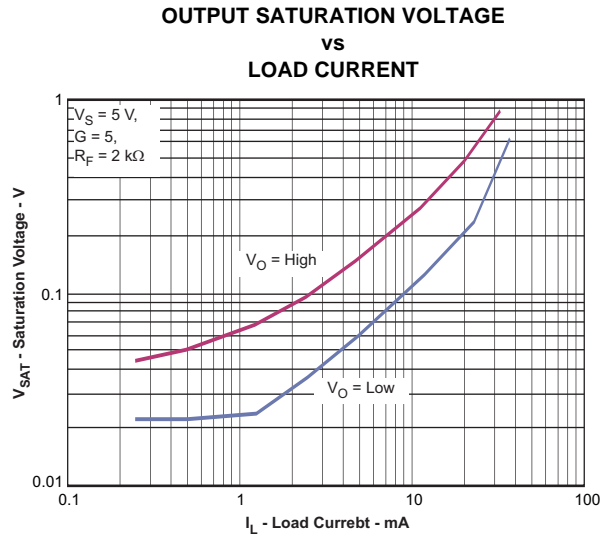


Figure 22.

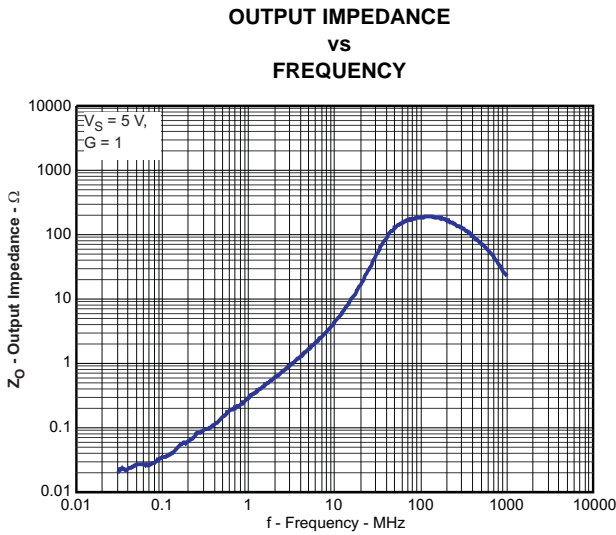


Figure 23.

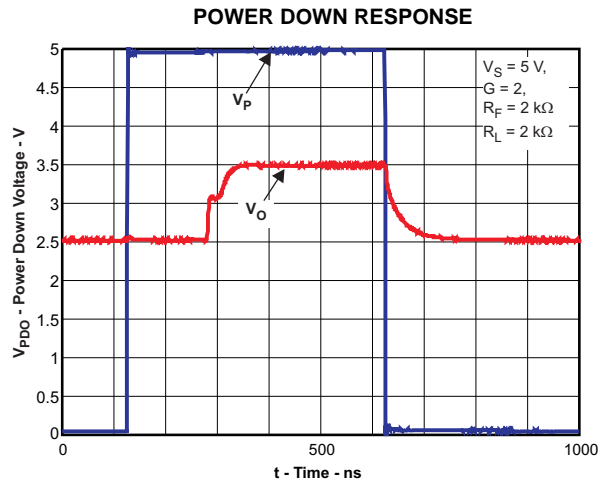


Figure 24.

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APPLICATION INFORMATION

Power down must be driven or tied high or low (maximum resistor value 100k) for proper operation and cannot be left floating.

PRODUCT PREVIEW

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